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GERMANS ORDERED TO LEAVE RUSSIA, AGAIN ATTACKING

Paris Receives Reports
Of Renewed Onslaught
Near Riga

LETTS HOLD PORT

Government Is Back And
City Normal Despite
Bombardment

ON OTHER FRONTS

Battles In Progress On
700-Mile Line From
Tsaritzin To Kiev

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Oct. 25.—Sir Eyre Crowe has communicated to the Supreme Council a telegram from the British representative at Riga reporting intensified German attacks, urging Allied occupation of Tilsit and Memel, and adding that General Eberhardt is even harder to deal with than was General Von der Goltz.

M. Pichon said that the departure of the interallied commission to superintend the evacuation of the Germans from the Baltic Provinces, which is still in Paris, would be hastened and that as General Mangin did not wish to go, General Nessel would probably replace him.

Copenhagen, Oct. 25.—The Lettish Government has returned to Riga where all the shops are open and life is normal again, in spite of the German bombardment.

FIGHT ON LONG FRONT

London, Oct. 25.—A war office communiqué issued tonight reports heavy fighting on the seven hundred-mile front from Tsaritzin to Kiev.

"The Red armies," the communiqué states, "are vehemently attempting to restore the morale of their troops. They concentrated on narrow fronts against the important junctions of Voronezh and Yveronzh, which they captured, but their success entirely failed to stem the general progress of the Southern Russians."

General Wrangel's Caucasian army is advancing successfully on the Tsaritzin front. It is now fifty miles northwest of Tsaritzin and 1,500 prisoners and booty have been captured.

The Don army, which is advancing on a hundred and twenty-mile front between Tsaritzin and Voronezh, has progressed to an extreme depth of fifty-five miles capturing the important junction of Povoynov, occupying Novohigla, and Shishovka, and capturing five hundred prisoners and two armored trains. Numerous Bolsheviks surrendered.

The Volunteer army on October 23 occupied Yelza, 230 miles southeast of Moscow. General Denikin, who was compelled to withdraw slightly south of Orel, has advanced again to the outskirts where fighting continues. There has been heavy fighting east of Orel. The Volunteers defeating and scattering eight enemy regiments, and capturing hundreds of prisoners including brigade commanders and their staffs. General Denikin is advancing successfully on Bryansk.

REPORTS ARE CONFLICTING

London, October 25.—News from Russia is still conflicting. General Judentch's communications of October 24 and 25 state that he has advanced in the direction of Petrograd as far as Tosno and captured three places north of Krasnoye Selo.

On the other hand the Finnish Press Bureau understands that the Bolsheviks have taken Tsarskoe Selo, Ligovo, Pulkovo and Pavlovsky, but this may merely be based on Bolshevik wireless reports.

NEW SECRETARY NAMED FOR AMERICAN CHAMBER

Mr. W. A. Chapman Of U. S.
Court Succeeds Mr. J.
B. Powell

Mr. W. A. Chapman, for some months acting clerk of the U. S. Court for China, has been appointed to the position of secretary to the American Chamber of Commerce of China. Mr. J. B. Powell, who has been serving as the Chamber's secretary, will now hold the title of honorary secretary.

For the present the Chamber will continue its offices in the same headquarters, at 113 Avenue Edward VII, but a more central location will probably be chosen soon.

Lord And Lady Decies Return To America After Six Years



Lord and Lady Decies.

Lord and Lady Decies photographed aboard the liner Aquitania on their recent arrival in New York. Lady Decies formerly was Miss Vivian Gould. Her visit to her native land is the first in six years. Commenting on the situation in Ireland, Lord Decies, said that the country never was more prosperous and but for the agitators would be all right.

Downtown Corner Scene Of Spectacular Blaze

Fire At Szechuen And Nanking Road Damages
Top Floors Of Raven Trust Building

Fire evidently caused by defective electric wiring caused damage estimated between Tael 10,000 and Tael 15,000 at the Raven Trust Company building corner of Nanking and Szechuen Roads yesterday afternoon.

The building which is owned by Mr. S. A. Hardoon, is insured but several tenants residing in apartments on the top floor or occupying offices on other floors suffered losses because personal effects were not insured. Two divisions of the fire department made a splendid fight against the stubborn blaze.

Thousands watched the firemen work, the alarm coming at one o'clock. Traffic on Nanking Road was held up for nearly two hours, being diverted into Kiangse and The Bund while police establish fire lines at Kiangse, Jinkee and Ezra Roads.

Smoke was issuing from several windows and the fire had a tremendous start under the roof and above the ceilings of the top-floor flats on the Nanking Road side before the department was notified. The blaze made rapid progress along the walls and above the ceilings, crossed over a supposed fire wall and worked down into the apartments on the top floor.

FIREMEN WORK WELL

Firemen, taking lines in from Nanking and Szechuen Roads, cut holes in the ceiling, climbed up through and carried hose to the heart of the blaze, working under extreme difficulties. Small streams, guided by control nozzles, were used in order to hold down the water damage. The extension ladder was used as a water tower on Nanking Road and a powerful stream poured into the windows of the top floor was effective.

The construction of the building and the lack of stairways handicapped the firemen tremendously, but the actual fire damage was held to two bedrooms occupied by Mr. Kempton and to a portion of the ceiling and the roof above the Kempton flat and the apartments occupied by Mr. A. J. Head, cashier of the American-Oriental Banking Corporation and Mr. Lund Endres of the Grace China Company. Furniture damaged by water and smoke was covered by insurance. The fire probably originated above the flat occupied by the Kempton family.

Three rooms on the floor below, used as offices by the Li Pong Company and Dr. Holper were damaged by water while the labor-

BRITISH DOMINIONS GIVEN NEW STATUS BY LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Held New Zealand Has Right
To Legislate For Former
German Possession

POINT RAISED OVER SAMOA

Complex Problems Are Found
To Be Involved In
New Regime

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 26.—A discussion of the new status of the Dominions has been started by a statement by Sir James Allen in the New Zealand Parliament that an Imperial order in Council will enable New Zealand to legislate for Samoa.

Professor Berriedale Keith in a letter to the Times says, "This would be true under the old regime but the Dominions have now acquired rights over ex-German territories from the League of Nations direct."

He declares that with the disappearance of the colonial status, not merely the Courts in New Zealand, but the Judicial Committee itself would hold that the Dominion Parliament has full authority to legislate for Samoa. Moreover, he says, in legislating for Samoa the Dominion Parliament is not subject to the Royal right of disallowance, applicable to colonial enactments, and no right of appeal to the Judicial Committee exists regarding judgments of the Samoan Courts, or of the New Zealand Courts, on appeals from Samoa.

Professor Keith adds that there are other complex problems of which General Smuts appears to be conscious, involved in the new regime, and he hopes that they are already occupying the most anxious consideration of the Imperial Government, for, he says, "on their just solution depends the effective maintenance of Imperial Unity."

The Manchester Guardian in a leading article supporting Professor Keith says: "It may also be pointed out that if a British Dominion is involved in a dispute with a mandatory people, the decision will rest not with Great Britain but with the League of Nations." The Journal adds: "The importance of this change will be more clearly recognised in America where the Republicans propose that Great Britain and the Dominions should be restricted to one vote in the League Council in matters in which they are involved."

The Manchester Guardian fears that this will not be popular with the Dominions and says that Sir Robert Borden's recent insistence on the Canadian Parliament's right to debate the ratification of the Peace Treaty is symptomatic of the increasingly visible determination on the part of the Dominions to assert their individuality to the limits compatible with holding the Empire together.

The Manchester Guardian concludes, "If the League is to be faced with 'embarrassments for which no provision is made it is essential that the new status of the Dominions should be fully considered and regularised in the eyes of the World.'"

Will Sell Furniture Of Territorial Bank

Mixed Court Decrees Equip-
ment Must Be Sold To
Satisfy Creditors

Order for the sale of the furniture and equipment of the Bank of Territorial Development of China, Ltd., Nanking Road, was made yesterday in the Mixed Court before British Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Yue. The decision followed an application by Mr. Roland S. Haskell, counsel for Mr. H. H. Abraham, a creditor, and Mr. Y. S. Ziar, representing Mr. S. A. Hardoon, owner of the premises occupied by the bank. The court further granted the application of Mr. Ziar to have the contents removed to an auctioneer's rooms so that the premises might be available for use by Mr. Hardoon, November 1.

The amount of rent owing to Mr. Hardoon was about Tis. 2,600. Mr. Abraham's claim was based on a number of bank notes held by him against the bank, amounting to \$5,000. Dr. Isaac Mason is another creditor. The defendants were not represented.

FIRE AT COTTON MILL
Two telephone messages came in quick succession yesterday morning for a fire in Hongkew. In response to the first which gave the wrong address, the Hongkew

(Continued on Page 3)

Gompers Names Leaders For Capital-Labor Conference



Fifteen union leaders, nine of whom are officials of the American Federation of Labor, have been named by Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation, to represent organized labor at the President's industrial conference in Washington, which is now in session. The

representatives of the people have already been named by President Wilson and those selected by the capitalists also. Here are shown some of the men named to represent labor: Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; W. D. Mahon, representing

the Street Railway Workers; T. A. Rickert, Garment Workers; Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor; Daniel J. Tobin, Teamsters' Union, and M. F. Tighe, Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers.

Coal Miners Warned Against Strike By President Wilson

Workers Told That Law Will
Be Enforced And Nation
Will Be Protected

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Oct. 25.—President Wilson has issued a statement which had been approved by the Cabinet declaring that the proposed strike of bituminous coal miners is unjustifiable and unlawful and calling on officials of the unions to recall the strike notices. The President declares that the law will be enforced, and that means will be found to protect the nation.

The Cabinet has decided that a new industrial conference shall be called to continue the efforts to establish industrial peace.

FUNDS BEING RAISED FOR AMERICAN SCHOOL

Reported Sixth Of Shanghai's
Quota Of Tis. 150,000 Has
Been Subscribed

Such progress has been made in the American School campaign that announcement is made this week by the American Chamber of Commerce that one-sixth of Shanghai's quota has been subscribed. More than one-half of the quota to be raised in America had been met.

The campaign as originally outlined provided that the land should be paid for by the Americans in China, a sum estimated at Tis. 150,000. It is one-sixth of this that has been subscribed here. The cost of the buildings, estimated at G\$300,000, was to be taken care of by firms at home that have offices in China. They have already subscribed G\$150,000.

Local subscriptions now number 84, ranging up to Tis. 10,000. Many of the subscribers are taking advantage of the monthly payment plan offered by the committee.

EXCHANGE GOES HIGHER

Exchange rose again yesterday, 143 on America and 6s. 10d. on London when large amounts were purchased. The official rates were 140 1/2 and 6s. 8d. which allowed small investors opportunity to buy either American currency or sterling at tempting figures. For Mex. \$95.70, a draft on America for G\$100 could be purchased. An English pound sold for Mex. \$4.0268.

LITERARY DEPT. TODAY

The Literary Department of the American Woman's Club will hold a meeting this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in the Carlton. There will be an address by Mrs. Fearn on the subject of "Chinese Pottery and Porcelains." An announcement will be issued at the meeting relative to a visit that members will make on Saturday to see an unusual collection of porcelains.

OFFICIAL PEKING STRONGLY AGAINST NEW CONSORTIUM

Proposal As Originally
Outlined Generally
Being Condemned

JAPANESE ACTIVE

Tokio's Influence Seen
In Campaign Directed
Against Project

PLEA TO PUBLIC

Effort Is Being Made To
Discredit Whole Plan
On Patriotic Grounds

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, October 27.—While the Powers and their bankers are prolonging the discussion of the New Consortium at Paris official opinion at Peking is steadily consolidating against any plan of loaning money to China such as the preliminary outline of the New Consortium provides for. The lining up of official opinion against the Consortium has been going ahead steadily since the plan was brought to the attention of the Chinese Government, and those Chinese officials who have opposed the Consortium from the start have been supported by the Japanese subsidised press in their campaign to organize resistance to the Four Power plan for financing this country. This campaign of opposition to the Consortium has not been reserved for officials only. A widespread appeal has been made to the financiers, merchants and to the people of China to rally against the New Consortium on patriotic grounds, and this appeal has met with considerable success.

Those who object to the New Consortium, whether from patriotic or from purely personal motives, argue that the plan put forward by the Four Power Group will create a loan monopoly in China that will ultimately swamp the country. To make this point conclusive they point out that the special spheres of interest now in existence in China are by no means as dangerous to her as the joint financing of the country by the Four Powers would be.

COMPARISON IS MADE

In the case of the spheres of interest China has to deal in each case with but one power, and in such dealings, they say, she has one half of the argument and a corresponding control over her own destinies. This advantage, such as it is, will they claim—be lost to China under the New Consortium scheme, which, while abolishing all special spheres of interest, will tend to turn the country into one large sphere of interest under the financial hegemony of the United States, Great Britain, France and Japan.

Such a state of affairs would, according to the opponents of the Consortium, render China helpless to manage her own financial affairs, it being much harder to deal with four powers acting together in matters relating to the entire country than to negotiate with one power regarding affairs that involve but one special sphere of interest.

These arguments which are not only plausible but also of a nature to appeal to the Chinese sense of patriotism have not failed to carry weight. They are still being handed out to officials and to the people in never ending variations on the same theme. Coupled with them is an argument that the United States is the moving power behind the New Consortium and that she will actually furnish the funds to be advanced by Great Britain and France, these latter powers being too exhausted by the War and too occupied with domestic affairs to take more than a nominal part in the plan for rehabilitating China's finances.

Many of China's prominent officials are opposed to the New Consortium and among these men are: Marshall Tuan Chi-jui, General Hsu Shu-cheng (Little Hsu), Acting Premier Chin Yun-peng, General Ting Shih-yuan, Director of the Peking-Suiyuan and Peking-Hankow Railways, Acting Minister of Communications Tseng Yu-chuan, Minister of Justice Chu Shen, and ex-Ministers Tsao Ju-lin and Lu Chung-yu. These officials form a strong nucleus around which to rally opposition to the Consortium, and it is accordingly felt here that only quick and determined action by the representatives of the Powers in Paris can

save the day for the new loan group.

TSAO JU-LIN'S VIEWS

Tsao Ju-lin, who negotiated most of China's recent loans with Japan and was Minister of Communications until forced out of office last Spring as a result of the Student Movement, recently expressed to your correspondent the belief that the New Consortium would never become a reality. Tsao, although holding no office at present, is in close touch with Chinese affairs and is still the guiding spirit behind the Ministry of Communications, whose Acting Minister, Tseng, is one of his proteges. According to Tsao there are two almost insurmountable difficulties in the way of the Consortium, one of these being the inability of the European Powers, exhausted by the war, to finance China on any large scale, while the other is that China herself is more than likely to reject the plan even if it is realised at Paris.

With regard to the first difficulty Tsao Ju-lin believes that France and England will be able to provide no funds to speak of for the furtherance of the Consortium scheme. He believes that all their energies for many years to come will be centered upon reconstruction and making good the ravages of the war. In this work the United States, their nearest rich neighbor, will necessarily take a prominent part, and thus, according to Tsao, it is likely that the United States will be too heavily engaged in financial, commercial and industrial operations in Europe to enable her to have any large share in bolstering up China's finances.

As for the difficulty with regard to China herself, Tsao is positive that no Chinese Government will be willing to let the New Consortium operate here on the terms that it has hitherto proposed. He maintains that these terms will place China under the financial tutelage of the Powers and that no self-respecting Government can accept them. The draft of the New Consortium has got to be changed radically and in a manner favorable to China if she is to permit the Consortium to operate, and Tsao does not believe that a change in the draft is likely.

Furthermore, Tsao does not, in his opinion, believe that the New Consortium, with a little more time in which to put her house in order, China can meet her financial problems from her own resources, the only conditions to this being that she first establish peace in the country, demolish her unnecessary troops, and establish a strong central government at Peking, supported by an army sufficient to enforce its authority in the provinces. With these conditions realised it would be possible for China to establish a uniform and just method of taxation, with a system of collection free from graft, and the proceeds from which would suffice not only for the current national expenses but for the repayment of existing foreign loans as well. For the realisation of these conditions all that China requires are small loans for temporary administrative expenses and one large loan for the demobilisation of her army and the distribution of her ex-soldiers in industries where they will be employed profitably.

Arguments of this nature are necessarily attractive to the people and officials of the country, especially as they do to the national pride of all and to the official classes' confidence in their own efficiency and desire to control the destinies of their country without outside interference or supervision.

POLICY CRITICISED

It might well have been possible to meet these arguments during the present year with a substantial reply in the form of a New Consortium advance loan. The Government needed money badly and would have done almost anything to get it and Chinese friends of the Consortium put forward this idea on many occasions. According to these same men, whose beliefs are shared by most competent foreign authorities here, an advance by the New Consortium on easy terms would still go far towards saving the situation and the scheme as it stands at present. Money talks, and nowhere in the world does it talk louder and to greater effect than in China today. Such an advance by the Consortium, if made, would inevitably lead to further advances and by degrees the Consortium Group would, by showing its preparedness to lend China money, find itself in a sufficiently strong position to induce this country to accept its terms. The present system of withholding funds from China until the country has settled its domestic peace problem and is prepared to accept the New Consortium terms as they stand is not believed to be getting the Western Powers anything but the dislike of most of China's leading officials.

With Japan at the door ready to lend money on terms that are ostensibly easy and that leave to the country's officials a large measure of control in the spending of it, the non-lending policy of the Western Powers is encouraging the Chinese Government to fly into the arms of her neighbor and to listen to the preaching of those Chinese and Japanese who advocate the doctrine that Asiatics should stick together.

UNEMPLOYED RUSSIANS PLANNING SELF HELP

School To Teach English Is Opened—Volunteer Teachers Badly Needed

Unemployed Russians in Shanghai, of whom there are said to be more than 600, have launched a movement to do something for themselves and, though without funds, have organised a school where anyone may come who will and where no one need pay unless he is able. Their primary purpose is to learn English, a necessary first step, they have found, to obtaining employment. Other classes will be formed as soon as volunteer instructors and suitable vocational subjects can be found.

A small room has been rented at 73 Range Road, near North Szechuen Road, where the unpaid secretary, Mr. L. G. Kaufman, is enrolling pupils and attempting to conduct an employment bureau. But these quarters are too small for a school, so evening classes are being held in the building of the Jewish School, 43 Whangpoo Road. The movement, however, is not Jewish, but all-Russian. Its membership includes both men and women and approximately one-half are non-Jewish.

Two instructors at present are giving their time on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings. The head of the beginners class is Mr. B. P. Popovitzky, of the Central Union of Russian Co-operatives; Dr. L. Ginzton, a local physician of Russian parentage who was born in America, has charge of advanced classes.

The school's difficulty at present is in getting instruction from those who speak fluent English. Many have offered their services who speak English well enough to be understood but not sufficiently to teach. The type of instruction followed is the Berlitz conversational method. The few who can afford to pay tuition are contributing \$5 a month, which is used to buy text books for the others.

Mr. Kaufman was interviewed yesterday concerning the purposes of the school.

"The Russian unemployed have come here with very little money," said Mr. Kaufman. "They find a prejudice against Russians."

"Many Shanghai firms have lost money in Siberia, others are suspicious that any man speaking Russian is a Bolshevik. 'Some of our people are existing on so little food that we must attempt some sort of food kitchen before long. The housing problem is nearly as bad. The Russian cathedral has taken in about 40 men and for a small price is giving them a place to sleep. 'If you can tell some of your good English and American people here that we would like a few volunteer teachers in English it will help. For among these Russian people are a number of well educated and highly trained men who might easily secure work if they could speak English.'"

Free Vaccinations To Be Given By City

Free vaccinations against small-pox are to be given to both foreigners and Chinese on certain days and hours every week, according to announcement of Dr. Arthur Stanley, Municipal health officer.

The hours follow:

FOR FOREIGNERS		
1581 Seward Road	Mon-	p.m.
42 Woosung Road	Tues-	4
23 Hankow Road	Thurs-	3:15
FOR CHINESE		
679 Yangtszepoo Road	Mon-	3:30
1581 Seward Road	Mon-	2:30
2668 Seward Road	Mon-	2:15
534 E. Hanbury Road	Mon-	2:00
Hongkew Market	Tues-	2:15
42 Woosung Road	Tues-	2:00
797 Pardon Road	Tues-	2:30
567 N. Fokien Road	Tues-	2:45
200 N. Thibet Road	Tues-	3:00
462 Fokien Road	Thurs-	2:30
23 Hankow Road	Thurs-	2:00
1622 Sinza Road	Fridays	2:45
385 Mohawk Road	Fri-	2:00
1019 Markham Road	Fri-	2:30

Domino.



News Brevities

For attempting to change a brass dollar, a Chinese woman, brought into the Mixed Court yesterday on complaint of a Chinese shop-keeper, was sentenced to one week in jail.

The Navy Y.M.C.A. has just received over 450 books from the American Library Association through its representative in Manila, and comprising both desirable fiction and non-fiction of science, literature and travel. A large number of late magazines were also received. The Navy Y.M.C.A. will gladly call for books and magazine which are here contributed for the use of the boys of the navy and merchant ships.

Through the courtesy of Messrs. Weeks and Co., a drawing (in color) of the Shanghai Sanitar, Laundry Company's new building is on view in their furniture window in Nanking Road. This modern laundry building of concrete, situated in Thorburn Road opposite Wayside Park, is now under construction and will cover a floor area of 23,132 square feet (half an acre); and will be completed or before January 28 next.

Among the passengers who arrived in Shanghai yesterday from Japan on the Kumano Maru are Mr. and Mrs. W. G. East.

The Chrysanthemum Show will be held on the Bund on November 18 and 19, it is learned.

The general meeting of the British Women's Work Association will be held at the auction room of Messrs. Maitland and Co. on November 17 at 5:30 p.m.

The Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., will hold an extraordinary general meeting on November 7 for the purpose of discussing the possibility of merging the company with the North China Insurance Co., Ltd.

Dr. Frank B. Baldwin, recently discharged from the Medical Corps of the United States Army with rank of major, has opened offices at 25 Whangpoo Road for the practice of medicine and surgery. Dr. Baldwin will be permanently located in Shanghai.

SEVENTEEN BANK HOLIDAYS

Seventeen bank holidays will be observed in Shanghai in the year 1920, according to an announcement made by Secretary M. O. Beck of the Shanghai General Chamber of Commerce. All foreign exchange banks and the General Chamber of Commerce are expected to observe them.

Two days will be holidays at New Year, four at Chinese New Year, three at Easter, two at Summer holidays, two at Christmas, and one each at Whit-Monday, the Dragon Boat Festival, the Mid Autumn Festival, and the Anniversary of the Chinese Republic.

Margolis Vaudeville Program

Charles Margolis has brought a picture and a band of vaudeville artists to the Olympic Theater and a fair house enjoyed the entertainment last night.

The first part was taken up with the picture, its name, "The Curse of Eve," gives away the plot to a certain extent. It begins with a few texts from the Book of Genesis which lend respectability to the somewhat sordid story that follows. I must confess that I don't like the kind of story that shows the betrayal of a girl and ends up with a doctor doing the things that he should not, but taste differs, and it must be said at once that the pictures are wonderfully well photographed.

Of the vaudeville items, quite the best was Mr. Edward Mosher's two ponies Tokio and Mozart. The tricks they did show the results of patient training and they alone are well worth the price of admission. Miss Aimee Maynard has danced here before and the audience not only welcomed her but again appreciated the excellent work she did. The strong brothers Berne are fine specimens of men and they keep the house well interested. Mr. Paniso drew forth loud applause with his accordion and it was well deserved for he certainly made it produce sounds that delight.

I think that if I were Mr. Margolis I would put on the vaudeville first and then shoot the picture. Those who like it will stay to the end, the others might seek their beds earlier.

Domino.

High Grade Candies

at

SULLIVAN'S

No. 11 Nanking Road

TIENTSIN ORGANISATION TO BE NATIONAL BODY

Plans For Shanghai Branch Of National Union Made At Reception Here

The Provisional Committee of the National Union of All Classes, which originated in Tientsin during the students' movement and is being organized as a national league, gave a reception to local newspapermen yesterday at the Yih Ping Shan restaurant. According to the announcement of the chairman, Mr. Ma Ching, a delegate of the union in Tientsin, the national organization will be formally established in Shanghai on November 11.

Speeches were made by Miss Liu Ching-yang, and Liu Tseng-huan, representing the Tientsin Union, Mr. Wu Ti-chien, representing Canton, Chen Hao-chuan, a publicity man representing the Northern interest in Shanghai, Mr. Wen Shih of the National Salvation Daily, Mr. Chang Tung-sung of the China Times, Mr. Wu Yung-sung of the Daily Review, Mr. Kong Chi-huang of the Chen Pao, Mr. Shen Cho-wu of the Chinese Press Club and Mr. Tsu Keng-shih of the Peking-Tientsin Yi Shih Pao.

RUSSIA SAILING SATURDAY

The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services liner Empress of Russia sails from Hongkong at noon today and is expected to arrive at Woosung Saturday afternoon at three o'clock. The tender with passengers and mail will arrive at the Customs Jetty at five o'clock. Passengers for Japan ports and Vancouver will leave the Customs Jetty at four o'clock.

Japanese Buying Shanghai Securities

Out of Tls. 1,331,900 subscribed to the Shanghai 7 percent loan of 1919, Tls. 296,000 have been taken by Japanese firms, according to announcement of Mr. E. F. Goodale, Municipal treasurer. The total subscribed by foreigners up to October 25 amounted to Tls. 1,008,300 but of this the subscribers to Tls. 463,400 only are listed, including the Japanese firms mentioned. Chinese bought bonds to the extent of Tls. 328,600.



Every person wishes to GET AHEAD, but many are unwilling to pay the price.

Takes money to MAKE money, and it is admitted by all men who have ACHIEVED, in a financial way, that THEIR HARDEST FIGHT was in the SAVING of the FIRST THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Only COURAGE and SELF-CONTROL will enable one to SYSTEMATICALLY lay by some part of one's EARNINGS each week, but after a while it isn't at all hard, in fact, it becomes second nature.

As the bank balance GROWS, one's sense of INDEPENDENCE increases. Confidence and self-respect follow—and when OPPORTUNITY knocks at the door, one IS READY!

Open a SAVINGS account! Start putting away something! Our SAVINGS department will pay you 4 per cent from the day you begin, and our Mr. Britton will be glad to greet you. Come in!

THE AMERICAN-ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION
15 Nanking Road

Over 2,900 Accounts

NOTICE TO EXPORTERS

We beg to inform Exporters of China Egg Products that we are manufacturing and selling all kinds of LIQUID, DRIED AND SPRAYED WHOLE EGG, YOLK AND ALBUMEN.

Our goods are manufactured by the most up-to-date process; our machines are the newest imported from America, and our outputs are supervised by the best EXPERTS. Any inquiry will have our immediate attention.

Address: 8b Kiangse Road, and Q489 Tientsin Road, Shanghai.

Telephone: Central Nos. 2385 and 4006.

H. C. WANG

General Manager: Tung Hsin Zhang Egg Factories, Hung Yue Chong Egg Factory, Hsin Chong.

The Opera

Last night "Tosca" was repeated. The last act—for which I arrived after Mr. Graffman's recital—was received thunderously by a large audience—evidently as delighted as the proverbial "small bits" that occasion so much ingenuity on the part of newspapers.

It is to be hoped that those to whom "Tosca" is a favorite can be brought to believe in further productions being on an equal level.

Much has been said about "Pique-Dame" on the bare trial of a couple of early scenes with a lead who was very unwell. To say "Pique-Dame" is a successful opera by Tchaikovsky should be sufficient as to the work itself—and for Mr. Danilov, I am now assured he is completely recovered and will sing tomorrow night.

The company is by no means short of leading tenors but the announcement that this artist is to appear arouses great expectations.

TONIGHT'S OPERA

The "Pearl Fishers," tonight's offering is one of Bizet's earlier operas and the first one to achieve success. It is a work dealing with an Oriental subject, and contains much music of charm and originality, showing traces of that dramatic force which reached its full development in Carmen. The character of the music, less passionate and highly colored than Carmen, is yet equally original and of even more striking beauty.

The story tells of the love of two Singalese pearl fishers for the priestess Lella, and of the generosity of the unsuccessful rival, who helps the lovers to escape at the cost of his own life.

R. B. HURRY.

SOCIAL AT ST. ANDREWS

The members and friends of St. Andrew's Church, Broadway, are giving a social at the Hanbury Institute tonight at 8:30 o'clock and a cordial invitation has been extended to the men from the British Navy. An admirable program has been arranged, amongst those assisting being Mesdames Guignard, Berthet, Hynd, and Jaskiewicz and Messrs. E. P. Graham-Barrow, M. D. Silas, G. B. Stormes, E. Mellows, E. A. Dearn, J. Birminzham, W. F. Ratcliff, and W. G. Anderson. All interested in the work of the Missions to Seamen are invited to be present.

Mr. Graffman's Recital

Mr. Graffman, assisted by Miss Dina Graffman, chose an unusual date for his recital in the Astor House, with so much going on of the musical as well as the semi-musical sort. Nevertheless a good number attended. With a celebrated pupil of Auer, all the technical equipment of a violin virtuoso is taken for granted, and astonishment over double stopping and so on can be left unsaid. The master produces men to whom breadth of treatment and the subtle interpretation of an artist is of more importance.

Mr. Graffman played a sufficiently ambitious program for ordinary purposes but we should like to hear him in the kind of music he likes best, and not what is merely expected. Truth to tell one celebrated violinist's program is very like another, for to attract musical people only, and to ignore the lover of fireworks would never do as business. Though music be

the food of love, it cannot alone feed the lover.

Paganini's Concerto in D major was more than well played. I cannot account for the necessity for a loud bowed tuning-up during the accompanist's "symphony" preceding difficult cadenza passages. If this is required, it would be better to omit the passages altogether. Kreisler's group of three pieces in their fantastic way, are eminently delightful as violin sketches. The Hebrew Melody "Kol-Nidrei" must be called an exception to what is said of programs in general. "Zephir" by Hubay is largely of the musical-box and bird type of piece so beloved by those who can astonish. Miss Graffman who accompanied gave a very satisfying playing of Chopin's Third Impromptu. A hearty welcome is extended to the alteration from Germanised-Russian spelling of Veniavsky, none other than our

old friend Weniavsky, about whose "Souvenir de Moscow" (why not get rid of that "w" as well?) it is not easy to enthuse for the fiftieth time. It is asking a lot of artists to give us the best of violin literature, but when they do they will gain so much more than they lose in appreciation for music apart from juggling.

R. B. HURRY.

MARINE CHANGES OF WEEK

The following changes in the merchant marine service took place during the week:

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company.—From reserve, Mr. E. A. M. Sharrett, to supernumerary second officer of the Choyang; Mr. D. Sunemus appointed supernumerary second officer of the Tuckwo; Mr. C. L. Tilburn appointed third engineer of the Hangsang; Mr. H. M. Bishop, resigned.



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FREIGHTER WITH WAR RECORD ARRIVES HERE

Formerly Transport, Orel Was Seized By Crew And In Hands Of Bolsheviks

The Russian freighter Orel, formerly of the Russian Volunteer Fleet, and two torpedo-boat destroyers, Bolky and Grosny, arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday. The Orel had a very exciting time during the war, after leaving Hongkong for Vladivostok in November, 1917, with midshipmen, officers and instructors who were on a training trip in the South China seas.

The Bolshevik fiasco at Petrograd had already taken place, and the Orel's crew of 300, inspired by this, and imbued by distrust of their officers, became virtually custodians of the party. The cadets and the majority of the officers were under the command of Captain Kitisin, an officer who distinguished himself in service in the Black Sea.

The captain of the Orel, Lt. Com. Afanasieff, had been elected by the crew and the Sailor's Council at Vladivostok. By orders of the sailors and cadets, all officers were disarmed, and in addition the Orel was accompanied by two torpedo boats, ready to meet eventualities should the officers revolt against their treatment.

At the arrival of the flotilla at Nagasaki, many difficulties were encountered in gaining admission to the harbor. At Nagasaki, five of the cadets were overheard singing the former Russian national anthem. They were court-martialed by the sailors and condemned to punishment at the hands of the Central Soviet, a verdict which virtually condemned them to death by hanging.

The Orel then proceeded to Hongkong, arriving there on Christmas Eve, 1917. Numberless rumors about the ship soon became extant and all batteries were trained on her. The British cruiser Suffolk, guns at the "ready," went to meet the Orel.

One morning in January the British guns again covered the ship and the Captain, in the presence of a representative of the British Navy and the Russian Consul, read out to the crew an order that they were all to go aboard the City of London for shipment to Vladivostok and that any signs of disinclination to fulfil orders would render them liable to gun fire. The crew left the following day.

The Orel left Hongkong for Haiphong under charter. Trouble soon became apparent in the engine-room which necessitated fires being drawn. Try-sails were made from awnings, and the course was maintained as far as possible. The engines were soon repaired, however, and she proceeded under her own power. When passing through Hainan Straits, a Chinese battery opened fire on her without warning. The Orel hove to at once but the batteries took no notice and fire did not slacken until the White Ensign was hoisted at the foremast and the French flag at the mizzen.

It was afterwards discovered that Hainan was in the hands of Northerners who were expecting an attack by the Southerners. They had mistaken the Orel for an enemy. Since that time the Orel has carried on as a peaceful trader.

City Asks For Bids On Food Products

Needs Of Health Department For Year Are To Be Provided For

Twenty thousand pounds of bread, 30,800 dozen eggs, milk, butter, jam, and other products in smaller quantities are wanted by the Health Department of the city for 1920, according to a request for bids issued in this week's Municipal Gazette.

The hospitals, nursing service and laboratory use large quantities. The estimates include 55,000 bottles of milk, 117,000 pounds of ice, 1,120 pounds of tea, 19,000 pounds of potatoes, and 15,000 bamboo brooms.

CANADIAN QUARANTINE UP AGAINST CHOLERA

Announced Only Those With Certificates From Far East Will Be Admitted

Tokio, Oct. 28.—According to a telegram received by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, and other steamship companies on the 26th instant, the Canadian Government has decided to regard the whole of Eastern Asia as a cholera-infected zone, and to deny admission into that country of passengers not provided with special certificates, until after a period of detention at the isolation hospital at Victoria. The new rule is to be enforced beginning with the N.Y.K. steamer Fushimi Maru, on which the Japanese delegates to the forthcoming International Labor Conference sailed.

TO GIVE DINNER TONIGHT FOR AMERICAN CONSULS

Americans Will Entertain Messrs. Sammons And Cunningham At Astor

The banquet and dance to be given by the American Chamber of Commerce and the American Association of China in honor of departing U.S. Consul-General Thomas Sammons and his successor, Consul-General Edwin S. Cunningham, will be held at the Astor House tonight. The dinner will be served promptly at eight o'clock to more than 250 guests. Tomorrow night the Shriners and their ladies hold a dinner and dance, also in the Astor House, in honor of Mr. Sammons. It is the first social affair of the new Shriners' Club of Shanghai.

MR. SHEN NOT DEAD

In the excitement Sunday when Mr. Shen Po-sheng, the artist, was given poison by mistake, a member of the family stated that the gentleman had expired, meaning that he had, almost. It led to a widely published report of Mr. Shen's death.

The artist, however, is progressing favorably at the Shanghai Road hospital and is very much alive. He has to thank a foreign physician for pumping out the almost fatal dose.

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SIBERIAN CONDITIONS CHAOTIC, SAYS LANTRY

Member Of American Railway Mission Tells Of Obstacles Americans Are Meeting

Siberian peasants have so torn up rails and ties along the Amur line of the Trans-Siberian Railway that it will take two years to repair it, according to Col. J. L. Lantry of the American Railway Mission to Siberia who is in Shanghai a few days on his way home to America. That particular part of the railway has been in the hands of the Japanese who are mistrusted by the Siberian population.

Col. Lantry, next to Col. Emerson, has been the head man in connection with the actual operating work attempted by the American railway experts. He and his secretary, Lieutenant T. J. Kane, are through with Siberia and will return probably to the Northern Pacific Railway of America where before November, 1917 Colonel Lantry was first assistant to the vice-president.

Frankly they admit that the Americans on the railway have made very little progress or improvement because of the difficulties encountered. One of the many obstacles Colonel Lantry names is Semenov, the Cossack who has had the guarding of part of the road in the vicinity of Chita.

As a sample of Semenov's operations Col. Lantry calls attention to the execution of 340 persons in one day at Andriano-vaka a few days before he passed that point on his way here. This town is 200 miles west of the Manchurian border. All the Allied troops have left Siberia except the Americans, Japanese and a few Czechs. The British have all been withdrawn, the Italian regiment has left and is now at Tientsin, the French have left and soon the Czechs are expected to go. Whether or not the Americans will also be withdrawn and leave the field to the Japanese he does not know.

The American troops in Siberia at present number about 8,400, kept there supposedly for the purpose of guard duty in order that the American Railway Corps may carry on its work. The Japanese troops in Siberia now number something over 70,000.

Very little can be shipped over the railway except military supplies and none of those can go through by the Amur route, but must take the line through Harbin. Private shipments are practically impossible.

When Colonel Lantry reached Irkutsk in April, there was little or nothing to be had in the town. The retail establishments were bare. When he left in September, the shelves of the shops in Irkutsk were loaded down with goods, chiefly cheap cottons, and all of Japanese manufacture. He was not able to find a single unused article manufactured by any other nation.

Colonel Lantry expresses the greatest admiration for the Russian railway workman. They have been loyal, working for three and four months without pay, riding on tops of trains in

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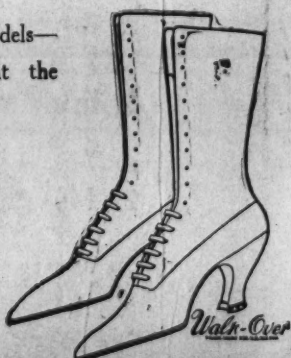
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bitter weather with never a caboose for shelter, poorly clad and taking trains daily through regions marked by frequent wrecks and derailments caused by a hostile peasantry. Through it all the Russian trainman has done his work.

With proper co-operation, the American Railway Corps, using these men, could have made the rehabilitating of the road a marvel of efficiency and change is the belief of these officers.

What will happen this winter in Siberia, Colonel Lantry says is terrible to contemplate. In spite of all that the American Red Cross is doing there, and it is a tremendous work thousands upon thousands of people are going to die this winter of privation. They have worn their only suits of clothing all summer and they have nothing more. There is no warm clothing, no footwear, and very little food in Siberia for the winter.

Spectacular Blaze In Business Center

(Continued from Page 1)

Division raced to the neighborhood of Wayside and Yangtzepoo Roads. Finding nothing, they telephoned and were told that there was a fire at 78 East Ward Road. In the meantime the Central division had responded to the second call.

The fire was in a cotton mixing machine in the Teh Dah Cotton Mill. The mill force retarded the blaze with a small line of hose until the Central firemen arrived. The later proceeded to play water on the fire and others to cover unprotected machinery with water-proof sheets. The Hongkew division arrived in time to assist pulling out the smoking cotton from the dampened machinery.

BOTH CHIEF DELEGATES REMAINING IN CITY

Tang And Wang Of Opinion Tuchun Li Shun Would Not Accept Post

While both the Southern and the Northern chief peace delegates, Messrs. Tang Shao-yi and Wang Yi-tang, believe that General Li Shun, Tuchun of Kiangsu, would not accept the office of the Chief Northern delegate, Mr. Tang Shao-yi yesterday stated to representatives of THE CHINA PRESS that personality would not concern him at all. If the Northern delegate, no matter who he is, comes out with a platform stating attitude of the Peking Government in regard to his original eight demands, Mr. Tang would negotiate with him.

Mr. Tang's contention is that as citizens of a republic, Chinese are entitled to know how much of the national resources have been sold, mortgaged or in other ways disposed of by the Peking Government. Until Peking has made public these facts, it is futile to talk peace.

Mr. Tang denied flatly the report sent to the North by the office of the Commissioner for Foreign Affairs that Mr. Tang Shao-yi is leaving Shanghai to assume his administrative duties in Canton.

Mr. Wang Yi-tang, for the fourth time, refused to be interviewed by reporters of THE CHINA PRESS.

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It is going to be a splendid state of affairs, isn't it, if the immediate result of beating the Hoche is anarchy over here?

But the last words of the story are hopeful. Back in London the world is celebrating the armistice. On the moors, veiled in mist, chill and sad, a man walks, brooding. But the sun snatches at the white veil, tears it apart, and the color floods over. Life comes in, and always will come in.

There will be many books like this, it is going to be a splendid state of affairs, isn't it, if the immediate result of beating the Hoche is anarchy over here?

Conan Doyle's Palace Of Wonders

The Doings Of Raffles Haw. By A. Conan Doyle. George H. Doran Company.

It is pleasant, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, to meet again with an old and valued friend. But when one is hoping and expecting to form a new acquaintance with one who may become a valued friend and discover the supposed stranger to have been long and well known, the pleasure of the encounter is by no means without alloy. So it is when one takes up the volume and discovers that of the three stories it contains two at least have long been familiar—familiar, that is, to all the friends and admirers of a certain Mr. Sherlock Holmes. We who belong to that numerous and devoted band have long since delved with him into the perplexities of the worthy pawnbroker who became a member of "The Red-headed League" and after participating for some eight weeks in the benefits of that singular organization, was suddenly dismayed and disgusted by the information that it had been dissolved. Nor have we failed to go with him—accompanied, of course, by the indefatigable Watson—to plumb the depths of "The Boscombe Valley Mystery," and puzzle over the extraordinary dying speech of the murdered man. These pleasures we have enjoyed before, and even though the edge of their freshness has long since departed, we can enjoy them still; but we must admit to a certain disappointment in finding familiar delights where we had looked to encounter new ones.

The third and longest story in the book is the novelette entitled "The Doings of Raffles Haw," which gives the volume its name. Although this tale would seem from internal evidence—evidence both of matter and of manner—to have been written a number of years ago, to the present scribe at least it is entirely fresh and unfamiliar. It is a curious, fantastic, philosophical and imaginative tale of one who found a magic even more potent than that of any genie who ever built an enchanted palace. The scene is laid in the quiet, country district of Tamfield, some fourteen miles out of Birmingham. To this retreat the three surviving members of the McIntyre family have come to live, after the business reverses which made of the elder Mr. McIntyre, once a successful gunmaker, a weak, querulous, whining drunkard. Robert, his son, is an artist who works hard at the big pictures by which he hopes to achieve fame and fortune, and Laura, his beautiful daughter, is engaged to a manly young naval officer, the son of the old friend on whose account they chose Tamfield as a place of residence, rather than some other equally quiet spot. The young officer, Hector Spurling, has nothing but his pay; nevertheless he and Laura are determined to marry and defy poverty.

Into this not unusual situation comes the mysterious Raffles Haw of whom no one knows anything, save that he is enormously rich. He has built a magnificent house at Tamfield, and built it with a complete disregard of expense which has excited the wonder and curiosity of all the neighborhood. It is indeed a veritable fairy palace, full of all sorts of marvels. Robert's first visit to this enchanting domain is described in detail, and the reader entirely sympathizes with his breathless amazement. But he has not yet seen all the extraordinary things the house

contains, nor realized the literally boundless wealth of its owner. This owner, Raffles Haw, is a generous, conscientious man, who feels to the full the responsibilities of his vast wealth, and does his best to use it wisely and for the benefit of other people. He tries to help those who are trying to help themselves; he is impervious to beggars and to swindlers. Yet even in the hands of this upright, honorable man, riches such as his prove a curse. He himself dies of a broken heart, but "the blight which Haw's wealth cast around it seemed to last even after his death," and the only person among the little group surrounding him who really profited by it was the man whom it had seemed to injure and to defraud.

Entirely obvious as the moral of the story is, its fantastic trappings prevent it from boring the reader. The author has permitted his imagination to run riot amid the splendors and luxuries of Raffles Haw's great house, wherein one could travel from Egypt to South America in the twinkling of an eye, revel in the masterpieces of the world's foremost painters, or be dazzled by a profusion of jewels unsurpassed even by the treasures of "King Solomon's Mines." For not diamonds alone, but rubies and emeralds and "long strips of lustrous pearls, all these were tossed out by their owner as a careless school-boy might pour marbles from a bag." No less wonderful than the treasures themselves is the account of the means by which they were obtained, while the climax of the tale is as vivid and fantastic as any one could desire.

THE OLD CARD

The Old Card. By Roland Pertwee. Boni and Liveright.

A book which has charm, a good deal of quiet humor, and a refreshing naturalness and simplicity—such is Roland Pertwee's new novel, "The Old Card." It is a book of incidents and episodes rather than a single, connected story, but this is only right and natural in the history of a touring actor whose life is mostly spent in what English theatrical parlance knows as "the provinces." Elphaleet Cardomay, called affectionately behind his back "The Old Card," is a touring actor, a star of the old-time, melodramatic school, "the school of graceful calisthenics and meticulous elocution," a man of talent, and despite his limitations possessed of no small degree of intelligence. He plays "The Silver King" and "The Corsican Brothers" with gusto, but on one of his few London appearances he gives an admirable and much-praised performance of the Ghost in "Hamlet," and when for his farewell tour he ventures all he has in the production of a thoroughly modern play, Raymond Wakefield, famous producer and modern of the moderns, calls him "an old trapeze." He has learned, too late, what many an actor, and incidentally many an author, never learns at all—"the value of simplicity."

He is, of course, the central character, a man one respects and laughs at and loves all the better for being able to laugh at him. Devoted to his profession, he is always and under all circumstances a gentleman; a trifle pedantic, with not a few harmless vanities, greatly given to malapropos and the grand gesture, but generous and courteous, brave and kindly, considerate and sweet-natured even in the

midst of the triumph which to him was a bitter disappointment. A real dash and blood human being, drawn with skill and insight and affection, we know him and are fond of him, grieve with him in his time of adversity, thrill with him at the moment when he forces the man who has scoffed at the courage of "the profession" to retract his words, and are sorry to part with him at the end. The scenes, and surroundings, of course, are those of the provincial actor whose life is spent in a

series of lodging-houses, and the other characters are many of them members of Elphaleet Cardomay's own company, among the most important being Manning, the faithful stage manager, whose "bowler hat, which he always wore either on the extreme front of his head, seemed menacing" to the tyro, stage-struck, foolish little Mary Kent, who, it is to be feared, never appreciated what Elphaleet Cardomay did for her, and Mornice June, for whose sake he, then a man well over

sixty, dealt swift and just corporal punishment to a mean-spirited juvenile. There is plenty of variety in the episodes, some of which are farce and some high comedy, while one at least is really thrilling drama, and others have more than a touch of pathos. But the incidents are of importance only as they help to elaborate and round out the character of the old actor himself—one of the most human and likable personalities we have met in many a day.

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the subtlest artistry to keep this skeleton from the reader's consciousness until the author is ready to bare it. To the sophisticated reader, consequently, no such story, unless it be writ by a near-genius, can seem other than mechanically assembled. But, fortunately for the writers of such stories, the mass of general readers are unversed in plot carpentry and so do not care how the story is constructed. For this reason the majority of people who read the Williamsons' (C. N. and A. M.) story, "The Lion's Mouse," will enjoy it thoroughly.

The authors get off to a sprinting start on the first page and race along the tortuous windings of an ingenious plot at a fast pace, made easy to follow by much bright dialogue and cleverly sustained suspense.

Page 1 finds Roger Sands en route to New York from the Coast. As the train starts, a beautiful woman bursts into his stateroom with a breathless plea that he let her occupy it as far as Chicago, and also that he take care of an envelope of documents for her. She tells him that more than one life depends upon her retention of these documents, and that she is afraid they will be stolen from her. She says she will never be able to explain the situation and appeals to Sands to trust her.

In Chicago the lady is not met by the friend she expected there. Sands, who has fallen in love with her, marries her on the spot. Later he repents of this headlong step. His first misgivings come when his wife brings unwelcome notoriety upon herself by impulsively taking into their home a girl who attempts suicide by hurling herself from the window of a store in which she works. The rest of the plot revolves around the fatal, mysterious papers "the girl from nowhere" gave Sands on the train, and around a costly pearl necklace he gave after making her his wife. Both papers and pearls are stolen by a desperate gang of crooks. From the time of the thefts the story resolves itself into a fictional equivalent of the game of "Needle! Needle! Who's got the Needle?"

The only thing on which everybody seems agreed is more money and less work... we didn't have this sort of thing over the water (he is home on weekend leave). We were pals over there; but here every single soul loathes every other single soul like poison... I'm sick of

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This is a story of the last months of the war and it attempts to put into the thread of the plot the changes and the problems which the world, or at least the English part of it—for the book has practically a London background, though it opens in Flanders under the roll of the guns—must be prepared to face. It is a love story, and rather an old love story, for all the newness in the air—that ancient situation of the woman who must choose between riches and saving her ancestral home, and poverty and love. Which wins we leave to the reader to discover. It hardly matters, does it? as the characters themselves might say. For though there is an attempt at passionate revelations, the result is rather lukewarm. We leave Joan with her decision, helped as it was by a submarine and luck, bad or good as you take it. And we leave the story without any clear idea of just what the author is driving at. Perhaps the confusion of life at present is what he best gets before us. People don't know yet whether old things are to endure, though they rather doubt it, and they don't know what the new ones are which appear to threaten or to promise, who shall say which?

So we listen to various conversations and different conclusions. In the meanwhile the old business of falling in love with the wrong or the right person goes on as it always has, and the old struggle to get money enough to meet the demand of the moment goes on, too. England has been through the fiery furnace, but she is still England. Men and women have seen their world turn to a hell of flying iron, but the world remains... as the author says, speaking through his hero:

"The only thing on which everybody seems agreed is more money and less work... we didn't have this sort of thing over the water (he is home on weekend leave). We were pals over there; but here every single soul loathes every other single soul like poison... I'm sick of

The book has scarcely anything which could be called a connected thread of story; depicts the lives of the Beatup family—besides Tom and Harry there were the father and mother, the two girls, full-blown, sweet-natured, healthy Ivy and unhappy, imaginative Nell, as well as a younger boy, Zacky—and of certain of their friends and neighbors. Among these neighbors Thyra Honey, the young widow who kept a tiny shop, and Mr. Sumption, minister of the little chapel of the Particular Baptists in Sunday Street, are especially important. The minister, who had been a blacksmith until he began to see visions of the Judgment Day in the flames and molten metal of the smithy, is an interesting and well-drawn character, and his last sermon, preached in the little chapel crowded by curiosity seekers who had come there to see how he bore the dreadful blow which had fallen upon him, has a dramatic climax when he turns upon the throng and tells them they are not worth the sacrifice of those who are dying for them across the Channel. In so far, indeed, as the book may be said to have a plot, it centers about the figures of the uncouth Mr. Sumption and his graceless son Jerry. This son, inheritor through his mother of the wild, restless gypsy blood, a born outlaw for whom there seemed to be nothing in life but misery and shame, is passionately loved by his father. It is with the letter in which he tells this devoted, unwise father of his enlistment that the book begins; and it ends when that father, seeing at last where it is that he really belongs, goes to complete the work his son so tragically left unfinished.

The novel moves slowly, very slowly, like the minds of most of those whose history it relates, and relates well. There is in it the feel and smell of the earth, and we learn to know the fields and lanes and wooded copes and farms which were England to the lads who went forth to fight, and, if need were, to die that these homesteads of theirs might be safe.



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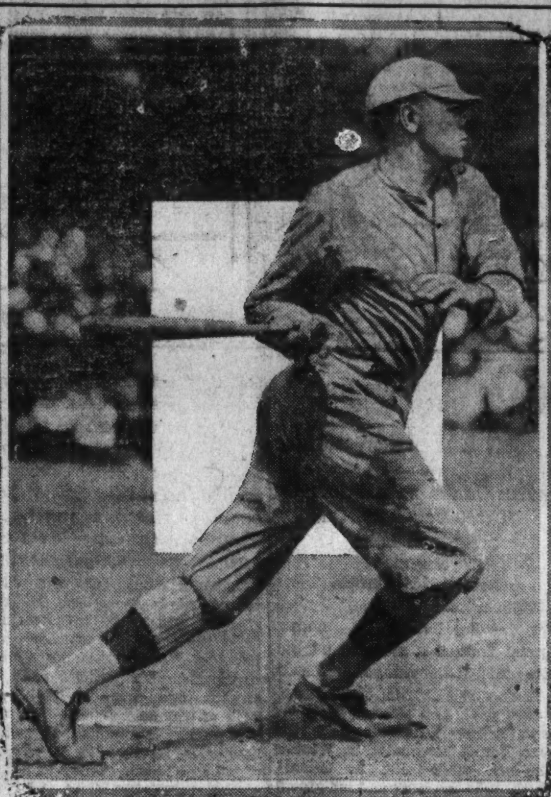
GOSSIP

Shanghai Races—Autumn Training

Wednesday, October 29.										
Pony.	Rider	1/4 mile	1/2 mile	3/4 mile	1 mile	1 1/4 miles	1 1/2 miles	2 miles	2 1/2 miles	Last quarter
Rosewood	boy	34.1	1.13.1	1.49.1	2.21.4	2.53	..	..	..	31.1
White Fox	AVW	36	1.16	1.52.2	2.27.2	2.59.3	..	..	..	32.1
The Pelican	WH	41.3	1.19	1.52.2	2.28.1	..	..	..	..	30.4
Kowloon	boy	33.4	1.06.3	1.38.1	..	..	..	..	..	31.3
Sixshooter	boy	..	..	1.39.1	..	..	..	..	..	32.3
The Home Bird	JKB	32.2	1.04	..	(last 1/4 of 1/2)	(whole time 1.40)	..	..	..	31.3
Jamborg	WGC	43	1.25.1	2.02.4	2.36.3	3.08.4	..	..	..	32.1
Aalborg	boy	..	..	..	3.10	..	..	..	..	32.2
Spetersfield	HEM	38.2	1.17.2	1.50.2	..	..	..	..	..	32.1
Cyrano	SBMB	35.1	1.08	1.40.1	..	..	..	..	..	32.1
Beautyland	boy	38.2	1.14.2	1.47	2.19.1	..	..	..	..	32.1
Runaway	boy	41.2	1.30.3	1.55.1	2.27.2	3.00.4	..	..	..	32.2
Carbon	boy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32.2
Halloween	boy	37.4	1.16.1	1.53.3	2.27	2.57.2	..	..	..	30.3
Castledown	boy	32.2	1.06.4	1.40.3	2.11.3	2.42.3	..	..	..	31
The Heron	WH	37	1.15.3	1.52	2.26.1	2.58	..	..	..	31.4
Scala	WGC	44	1.26.3	2.08.2	2.48	3.26.1	4.01.3	4.32.3	..	31
Tuborg	boy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31.3
Triumph	boy	37	1.13	1.47.4	2.18.1	..	..	..	..	30.2
Dumpling	boy	39.3	1.15.4	1.48	2.21	..	..	..	..	33
Golden Plume	WAD	..	..	..	2.20	..	..	..	..	32
Springie	CBR	35.4	1.11.2	1.46.4	2.20.4	2.54.1	..	..	..	33.2
Albion Dahlia	CRB	37.2	1.13.4	1.46.3	2.18.3	..	..	..	..	32
Scapiana	GW	35.2	1.12.2	1.45.2	2.18	(last mile of 1 1/4 = 2.56.1)	(sub) 32.3	..	..	31
Tronsand	FW	35	1.10.2	1.41.2	..	..	..	..	..	31.2
Wilson	boy	35.3	1.11.4	1.46.2	2.17.4	..	..	..	..	30.2
Bydand	GW	38.3	1.16	1.47.4	2.18.1	(last mile)	..	..	..	32.3
Castlesand	FW	36.3	1.12	1.44	2.16.3	..	..	..	..	33.2
Le Rhin	boy	35.3	1.11.3	..	2.22.1	2.55.3	..	..	..	33.2
L'Alme	DS	37.2	1.11.3	..	2.25.3	..	..	..	..	33.2
Mountain King	CRB	37	..	1.46.2	2.17.1	..	..	..	..	30
Victoria	boy	43	1.24	2.03.2	2.44	3.21.2	3.55	4.25	..	30
Plaything	boy	41	1.22.2	1.58	2.44	3.23	3.58	4.30	..	32
Standard Dahlia	boy	35.2	1.12.2	1.46	2.18.1	2.51.1	..	..	..	33
Gulfand	FW	38.1	..	1.45.1	2.17.2	..	..	..	..	32.1
Westende	DS	37.1	..	1.46.4	2.23.1	(last mile of 1 1/4; whole time 2.49)	..	..	..	36.2
Fighting King	boy	35.4	1.09.2	1.41.2	2.14.1	..	..	..	..	32.4
Windermere	GW	35.2	1.10	1.47.1	..	(last 1/4 of 1; whole time 2.25)	(sub) 37.1	..	..	34.3
Indisland	WH	37.4	..	1.46.2	2.21	..	..	..	..	39.2
Emmasee	WAD	..	..	..	2.25.4	..	..	..	..	35
The Pewit	boy	..	..	..	2.21.2	..	..	..	..	31.3
Gladiator	CRB	37.2	1.17	1.50.2	2.28.4	3.00.2	..	..	..	31
Last Call	boy	45	1.25.1	2.04.2	2.31.2	..	..	..	..	32.4
Torak	boy	47	1.36	2.20.1	..	3.35.4	4.08.3	..	..	36.1
All Black	GW	35.1	1.08.4	1.45	..	..	..	..	..	34.2
All Red	boy	..	..	1.43.1	..	..	..	..	..	31.2
Midas	boy	38.3	1.17	1.50.3	2.22	..	..	..	..	35.4
Tarlar	boy	..	1.09.1	1.45	..	..	..	..	..	36.2
Forglen	boy	..	..	1.45.3	..	..	..	..	..	35
Big Ben	BB	36	1.13.1	1.47.3	2.20.2	last mile	..	..	..	32
Little Dipper	boy	42	1.22	2.00	2.32	..	..	..	..	31
Lightning Raider	boy	35	1.07	1.42	..	..	..	..	..	31
Red Fox	boy	37	1.14	1.43.2	2.14.2	..	..	..	..	31
Black Cat	MOS	37	1.14	1.46	2.18	..	..	..	..	32
Solaro	boy	38.2	1.13.2	1.46	2.17.2	..	..	..	..	31.2
Greysand	boy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

On the grass course.

Babe Ruth Shatters Home-Run Record



Babe Ruth.

New York, September 28.—Babe Ruth, the sensational batsman of the Boston Red Sox, who has been clouting the ball for circuit drives with the greatest industry, yesterday in a game at Boston with the Chicago White Sox scored his 28th homer of the season, and thus broke the record made by Ed Williamson of Chicago in 1884. Although Williamson, the famous shortstop of Anson's White Sox, has been dead many years, his feat of making twenty-seven home runs in a season has stood unchallenged for thirty-five years. Ruth tied the record on September 20.

Ruth's glorious smash yesterday was the longest drive ever made at the Polo Grounds. It came in the ninth inning of the second game of a double-header with the Yankees and tied the score at 1 to 1. Bob Shawkey was doing the pitching and he heaved over a slow curve, hoping to fool Ruth as he has done before.

Ruth stood firmly on his sturdy legs like the Colossus of Rhodes, and, taking a mighty swing at the second ball pitched to him, catapulted the pill for a new altitude and distance record. Several seasons ago Joe Jackson hit a home run over the top of the right field stand but the ball landed on the roof. Ruth's bang yesterday cleared the stand by many yards and went over into the weeds in the next lot.

When Ruth started his home run campaign last spring he was confronted by three records to surmount. The first obstacle was the American League record of sixteen homers made by Socks Seybold of the Athletics in 1902. Ruth equalled that record on July 29, when in a game in Detroit he hit his old team mate, Dutch Leonard, for a four baser. Ruth eclipsed the Seybold figures on August 14

in Chicago, Kerr being the victim of the Bostonian's seventeenth homer.

Ruth then set sail for the record of twenty-five homers made by Buck Freeman of Washington in 1899 and he overhauled it at Philadelphia on September 5, Noyes being the pitcher.

Ruth excelled the Freeman record at the Polo Grounds September 8, when in the first game of a double header he hit Herbert Thormahlen for the round trip in the eighth inning of the first game of a double header.

It was believed that Freeman's twenty-five homers were the major league record till Al Munro Elias dug up the details of Williamson's twenty-seven homers. The time place and pitchers involved in Ruth's campaign follow:

April 23—At New York, off Mogridge.
May 20—At St. Louis, off Davenport.
May 30—At Philadelphia, off Perry.
June 7—At Boston, off Daus.
June 17—At Boston, off Morton.
June 24—At Boston, off Robertson.
June 24—At New York, off Senators.
July 5—At Boston, 2 off John.
July 10—At St. Louis, off Shocker.
July 12—At Chicago, off Danforth.

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The advantage of "Weatherproof Compo" roofing is that it not only gives complete weather protection, but that it gives protection from sparks and embers.

"Weatherproof" means protection in the fullest sense of the word—protection from the elements, protection from sparks, protection from cold and heat, and protection from roof expense. "Weatherproof" is the most economical type of roof you can buy, both in first cost and maintenance. And it costs less to lay—no skilled labor is required.

So many thousands know the advantages of "Weatherproof" that it takes the largest roofing mills in the world to supply the demand.



For a less expensive roofing we recommend "Scout" roofing as the best roofing at the price charged. This roofing is not offered as the highest quality made but longer service may be expected of it than is usual with low priced roofing. The saturation is asphalt. It is slow drying and does not affect the taste nor ODOR of water. No coal tar is used.

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LEAGUE FOOTBALL TO START SATURDAY

Program of Matches Which Will Open 1919-20 Season Is Announced

The football season of 1919-20 will commence on Saturday with the following League matches:

1st DIVISION

Shanghai Football Club vs. S. M. Police R. C. Referee, Mr. Fulton.
Shanghai Recreation Club vs. St. F. Xaviers. Referee, Mr. Gabbott.

2nd DIVISION

S. M. Police vs. Whizzbangs on S. M. P. Ground. Referee, Mr. E. G. Barnes.

St. F. Xaviers vs. Jewish R. C. on Hongkew Park. Referee, Mr. C. R. S. Cooper.
Rangers F. C. vs. H. M. Navy, on Hongkew Park. Referee, Mr. B. G. Stormes.

The first named Club is the home team on each occasion. Secretaries are kindly requested to attend to ground arrangements and also get into touch with the Referee.

Secretaries are also requested to send in their list of registered players for the ensuing season before Saturday. This notification excludes members of the Police R. C. and the Navy F. C.

FOOTBALL AT BELFAST

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 25.—Thirty thousand people attended the International Association Football match between England and Ireland at Belfast today. The result was a draw, one goal all. In the first ten seconds Cook (England) struck the crossbar. The Irish goal keeper caught the ball but let it slip into the goal. Ferris scored for Ireland off a penalty in the second half.

TO AWARD PRIZES

Prizes to the winners of the autumn regatta will be awarded at a Shanghai Rowing Club smoker and concert to be held Friday night of this week at the Club House. Tickets may be procured from Messrs. K. W. Aagesen, W. J. Gande, T. H. Macdonald and C. Neprud and the program, the committee announce, will include the best of local talent.

ANNUAL SIKH SPORTS

The annual sports of the municipal sikh police will be held on the Race Course Saturday afternoon, November 8.

Ball At Carlton Tonight

The Carlton Cafe's grand prize ball, preceded by a special dinner, will be held tonight, the first of its sort in five years. Tables are being booked in advance and those making reservations for dinner are to have the tables reserved in the ball room. Two prizes are to be given with each dance.

BANKERS TELL YOU TO SAVE

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Preserve it by keeping in a fit condition.

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GLYCERO-PHOSPHATE WINE

Its effect will not disappoint you.

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Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have paregoric or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and a few drops too many will produce the sleep from which there is no waking. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labeling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: "A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death." The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrup," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without your or your physician's knowing of what it is composed. Castoria does not contain narcotics.

The signature of *Dr. H. H. Fletcher* guarantees genuine Castoria.

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have frequently prescribed Castoria for common ailments of children with good results." W. A. CRANDALL, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

"I find your Castoria is very beneficial in the treatment of children's ailments." F. DEXTER, M. D., Chicago, Ill.

"As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine and, aside from my own family, I have, in my years of practice, found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home." WM. J. MCNAMARA, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"Object to what are called patent medicines, whose the maker alone knows what stuff is put in them, but I know the formulae of your Castoria and advise its use in proper cases. I judge it to be a very useful, as well as harmless family medicine." N. B. SIEGEL, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

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IF You are troubled with Eczema, Itches, Spots, Pimples, Boils, Sores, or Eruptions of any kind continually bursting through the skin.

IF You are suffering the aches and pains of Bad Legs, Blood Poison, Abscesses, Ulcers, Scrofula, and Ulcerated Sores, Glandular Swellings, etc.

IF You have that constant itching and inflammation of Piles.

IF You are in the grip of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout, etc.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless remedies. Clarke's Blood Mixture is pleasant to take and guaranteed harmless to the most delicate constitution of either sex. Of all blood-purifiers, it is the most effective.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is a valuable collection of unexcelled testimonials from grateful patients of all classes—patients who have been cured after being given up as incurable by many other treatments without success—the people's remedy. Bottle, 75¢; 6 bottles, \$4.00.

THE TRUE VALUE OF Clarke's Blood Mixture is certified by a remarkable collection of unexcelled testimonials from grateful patients of all classes—patients who have been cured after being given up as incurable by many other treatments without success—the people's remedy. Bottle, 75¢; 6 bottles, \$4.00.



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Before going out, protect your skin by an application of Pond's Vanishing Cream. Use it on your hands and neck as well as your face. Compare the fresh, soft condition in which it keeps your face with the drawn, dry feeling that generally follows exposure to the weather.

Based on an ingredient which doctors have used for years for its softening, beautifying qualities, Pond's Vanishing Cream is of the utmost value in overcoming all dryness and restoring the normal pliancy to the skin.

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Only the very freshest, purest ingredients are used in preparation of Pond's Vanishing Cream. It will not grow hard or down on the skin. Get a jar or tube of it today at any drug or department store.



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US BOYS



Eaglebeak Has To Get Action



By McNamara

LANSING WARNS US
ON 'MUNDANISM'Sees Danger Of Spread Of
Communist Theory, He Tells
Bar Association

Boston, Mass., Sept. 5.—Warning against the spread of the communist doctrine of internationalism, which he termed "Mundanism," and advocacy of the establishment of an international court, based on but eliminating the weaknesses of The Hague Tribunal, were the chief features of Secretary Lansing's address before the American Bar Association here today. He praised the Treaty of Peace covenant for making the nations the unit of responsibility and for urging the founding of a permanent court for international justice.

Without an international court and codified laws, Secretary Lansing predicted a return to diplomatic anarchy, since "nations today are influenced more by selfishness than by altruistic sentiment of justice." He gave warning that "we should not deceive ourselves by assuming that the policies of other Governments are founded on selfishness or on a constant purpose to be just even though the consequences be contrary to their immediate interests."

Hampton L. Carson of Philadelphia was nominated for President of the association today. Secretary George Whitelock of Baltimore and Treasurer George E. Wadhams of Albany, N. Y., were re-nominated. Judge Thomas C. McClellan of Montgomery, Ala., was the only nominee for the Executive Committee.

The election was scheduled for the morning session, but a discussion of the constitution delayed action until later in the day. Nomination was considered equivalent to election.

The Publicity Committee of the association had taken no action upon the recommendations of the majority of the special committee appointed to study the League of Nations covenant. The report which favored ratification of the covenant without amendment, with two of the five members of the committee dissenting, was not received in time, it was said, for consideration by the Executive Committee and the latter committee took no action.

Secretary Lansing said: "It is manifest that this war has given an impetus to what is commonly termed internationalism, though it would be more proper to call the communist doctrine Mundanism. This pseudo-internationalism seeks to make classes, or in some cases individuals, the units of world organization rather than nations. It is the enemy of nationalism, which is the basis of world order as we know it. In its extreme form it purposes to remove national barriers and to overthrow national governments, whether democratic or monarchic in form.

"However safe this country may be from the more pernicious forms of this doctrine, and however confidently we may rely upon the sound common sense of the American people, we cannot ignore the dangerous possibility that moderate forms may under certain influences develop into extremes and threaten our political institutions.

"I have referred to nationalism in this connection because the Treaty of Peace by its terms and method of negotiation makes the nation the unit of responsibility and of right. The treaty is an agreement between sovereign States and imposes obligations upon nations, not upon individuals. Thus it announces to mankind that the nationalistic idea is to be preserved as the basis of society and that nation will deal with nation as in the past.

"The covenant has gone far in developing a new process of diplomatic adjustment of such differences as have been heretofore the frequent causes of war between the disputants, but its only contribution to the advancement of international arbitration is to make it in a measure partially compulsory, and to provide that 'plans for the establishment of a Permanent Court of International Justice' should be formulated and submitted to the members of the league by the council.

"I desire to register here my personal appreciation of the great service which was rendered by

The Hague conferences in 1899 and 1907 in furnishing the world a definite system of international judicature. Along the general lines of The Hague Convention the nations should build a new and more substantial structure, eliminating those weaknesses and undesirable features which were the consequence of the improper motive of certain powers, particularly the German Empire, and of their false conception of their national interests. It would be folly to cast aside all that has been achieved and attempt to create something entirely different.

"Let us then with as little delay as possible establish an international tribunal or tribunals of justice with The Hague Court as a foundation; let us provide an easier, a cheaper, and a better procedure than now exists; and let us draft a simple and concise body of legal principles to be applied to the questions to be adjudicated.

"The system of mandates under the League of Nations as provided in the covenant, which to the casual observer appears simple in principle and application, is a novelty in political authority which, the more it is studied from the legal standpoint, the greater the number of problems which it represents.

"The determination of the possession of the sovereignty over territory is essential to the determination of international rights and obligations. In the case of territory subject to a mandatory the question therefore arises as to who possesses the sovereignty of such territory. Certainly not the mandatory which derives its authority solely from an agreement conferring upon it a limited exercise of sovereign rights. Is it then the League of Nations which possesses the full sovereignty, the exercise of which is delivered in part only to an agent or trustee? That would seem to be the logical answer, and yet consider the questions which that answer raises.

"There is one other subject of a legal character of which I desire to speak because it has excited much general discussion at home and abroad, and been the cause of some very intemperate and ill-considered expressions of opinion. I refer to the trial of the former German Emperor. I have a personal interest in that subject because it was my lot to preside over the Commission on Responsibilities constituted by resolution of the Conference on the Preliminaries of Peace and charged, among other things, with a consideration of the action which should be taken in regard to individuals responsible for the war and for violations of the laws and customs of war.

U.S. Marines Saved
Italians At Trau

Geneva, Sept. 26.—Italian officers and soldiers from Trau have been taken aboard an American destroyer anchored in the harbor in order to protect them from the population of the city, according to Belgrade despatches received here.

Captain Philiberto, formerly of the staff of Lieut. Gen. Count Cadorna, is with the detachment.

Plans A French Army
Of Only 350,000 Men

Paris, Sept. 20 (Associated Press).—A peace-time army of 350,000 men and reduction of the term of military service from three years to one are recommended to the Military Committee of the Senate in a report submitted yesterday by Paul Doumer, its President, former Minister of State. Under his plan 200,000 men would be called to the colors annually by conscription and 150,000 others recruited through voluntary enlistment.

Asked to prepare a report with recommendations, M. Doumer's reply was that after the ratification of the Peace Treaty it would be safe for France to take two years off the term of obligatory military service. This would reduce the effective strength of the army below the point of prudence, he said, but the difference could easily be made up, in his opinion, by voluntary enlistments.

This system would make the French Army on a war footing total 4,000,000 men, divided into an active army of 1,300,000 men, 700,000 reservists and 2,000,000 territorials.

WANT AMERICAN CAPITAL

New Control Of Many German
Plants Said To Be Probable

London, Sept. 20.—The Daily Mail's Berlin correspondent, commenting on the Deutsche Tageszeitung's statement that the big German steel works of the Rohrer Company have been purchased by an American company, which will introduce the ten-hour day there, says:

"I have been unable so far to verify these statements, but there is no doubt that a considerable number of German businesses will find their way into American hands. It will be remembered that in the Spring German industrial magnates suggested that American financiers should acquire over 40 percent of the shares in a number of German companies. I gather that offers of this kind are still being made, while the sale of shares goes merrily forward.

"I am further informed that American business men are now investigating the possibilities of investing capital in German dye works, and also in the production of electrical power from water power in South Germany, where, owing to the shortage of coal, water power is now regarded as the key to the revival of industries."

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WALES GOES FISHING
IN CANADIAN WILDS

Indian Guides Take Prince On
Three-Day Trip On
Nipigon Lake

By Douglas Newton

Nipigon Lake, Ontario, September 5.—The Prince of Wales' special train this morning slipped into this little village, which is made up of a station, two houses, a tool shed, and a lake. Even at that, it only functions half the year, for it hibernates in Winter, like any other thing in Canada which finds the snow and loneliness too much for it.

Nipigon Lake and River are the finest trout waters in Canada. Here, at 8:30 o'clock, the Prince, in knickerbockers and seeming very anxious to be off, left in a launch for three days' fishing. But he is not going to pander to modernity in this most ancient of sports for long. When he reaches the Virgin Falls, a mass of tumbled and angry water, fifteen miles from the starting place, he will meet canoes and guides, who will take over the party. There are ten canoes and thirty Indian guides, all cracks in their calling, all of them cunning in camp life and the secrets of stream and wood.

With these experts to help, the party fishes down the stream until it reaches a lovely spot, Robinson's Pool, where, on the high banks of the stream and in the thick spruce, the Prince is to make his main camp for the sport up and down the stream. He remains here until Saturday evening, when he goes to the Narrows, and the camp is moved to Cameron Falls, another beauty spot.

While he is on this short holiday the Prince will live in a tent and enjoy the rough life of a camp. His meals will be the meals of the Canadian woods, flapjacks and all, for he has with him a celebrated Indian cook, Jimmy Bouchard, an expert at open fire cooking, who usually accompanies such parties and who was Prince Arthur of Connaught's cook when he fished these streams.

It is an ideal time for good sport though it is near the end of the

season, which closes September 1. Fish are coming down from the lake in great numbers and big catches have been made. To come from the north and go down the river as it pushes toward Lake Superior is also to travel in an ideal way, for the river is not easy going. It has rushing rapids where skillful handling only will carry canoes through safely. It is a river in which falls sometimes deny the expert navigator and portages have to be made overland. To enjoy such a stream one has to tackle it with energy and ardor. It can give many moments of sheer beauty in its foaming rapids, its white and tossing water leaps, its placid pools lying silent and dark and enigmatic under the sheer high bluffs, forest clad, that rise abruptly from the surface of the water.

Its woods are full of game, deer and moose and caribou, but these may not be shot yet, though 'its many birds can be. That is save the "Whisky Jack," a cheery gray fellow with a white head, the pal of the lumberman, who is so tame that the will drop down from a tall, thin white Canadian popular and take food from the camper's plate. One may not shoot the "Whisky Jack," because to do so is to invite the worst of luck. But it is the fish in the river which will give the Prince a royal sport. In these still waters, and waters that are white and rapid, are the big speckled trout, large fellows of five to eight pounds, who fight with tenacity and vigor.

FURS FURS FURS

We beg to inform our friends that, owing to the growth of our business, on October 2nd, we shall open

A BRANCH STORE at C. 123 HONAN ROAD

We are specialists in the sale of all kinds of Furs and promptly execute all orders. We also purchase the best quality of Foreign Skins.

YUEN SUNG-TAI—FUR DEALERS

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Just received

Newest "Hotakold" and "Icy-Hot"
Vacuum Bottles. Also Latest Radiators and Various Electric Goods.

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THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

Shanghai Emporium

HAVE YOU ANYTHING TO SEND?

Then call up the

CHINA EXPRESS COMPANY

North 1612

Freights or parcels booked through S. N. R., T. P. R., Lunghai Railway, Peking-Hankow, etc.

Exclusive Express service by the S. N. R., S. H. N. R.

We are the official Agents of the American Express Co., Shanghai Road Office: 207-211 Boundary Road, Shanghai, (Opposite the Railway Station). Telephone North 2180 and 1612.

THE CHINA EXPRESS CO. is the only transportation company specializing in Railway Transportation. Thus you may rely on us for service.

WHAT WOMAN NEEDS

above all things are Health and Happiness. These are the true Woman's Rights! Every woman is entitled to them. Dame Nature intended her daughters to be healthy in body and happy in mind. Any woman conscious of pain and trouble which she feels might be removed will be well advised to make careful enquiry as to the cause. If it is found—as indeed is frequently the case—that a disordered digestion is giving rise to ill-health and the consequent depression of spirits, medicine of the right sort will doubtless soon set matters right. But it must be of the right sort. Beecham's Pills are so strongly recommended for women's needs. They may be taken with perfect confidence for derangements of the digestive organs, including such unpleasant ailments as sick-headache, biliousness, flatulence, constipation and the lassitude and worries often incidental to her sex. Every woman may get nearer to Health and Happiness by using

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Prepared only by THOMAS BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire.
Sold everywhere in boxes, price 1/1 (56 pills) & 2/9 (168 pills).

THE
NATIONAL OPTICAL CO.

69 Nanking Road
(Near Honan Road)

REFRACTING
&
MANUFACTURING
OPTICIANS



Szechuen Products

BLACK BRISTLES
COCOON WASTE
NUTGALLS
TUMERIC
WOOL

(In stock)

Yangtze Transport & Supply Corporation

93 Rue Montauban, Shanghai
Cable Address: "Transuply"

A TAILORING SERVICE
THAT IS PERSONAL!

Ready-to-wear suits at home now cost prohibitive prices—from Gold \$70.00, or sterling £14. up.

Owing to lower cost of labor and small office expenses, I am able to offer you.

MADE-TO-ORDER

SUITS FROM MEX. \$40.00 UP

Made from the same pure English woolsens you would buy at home. I also make to order Fall and Winter overcoats, Tuxedos, full evening dress, latest styles, complete, for \$45.00 up.

Among my customers are many of the leading gentlemen of Shanghai and outports who have been coming to me for 10 years, to whom I can refer you on application.

REMOVAL NOTICE

After Nov. 1st I will be located in my newly built and furnished shop at G 20 Tiendong Road at Broadway (behind the Hongkew Bank Building).

GIVE ME A TRIAL

Before you place your order elsewhere let me call and show my new style books and samples of Fall and Winter suitings and overcoats. I oversee all cutting personally.

Write me a chit and I will call, or call and inspect my new premises. Until November 1st, 8A Broadway, Astor House Building.

THOM SHING

GENTLEMEN'S TAILOR

8A Broadway, Astor House Building

After November 1st

G 20 TIENDONG ROAD

SPECIAL PROGRAMME AT THE VICTORIA THEATRE

For October 31st and November 1st, 2nd and 3rd

Presenting another great Goldwyn Eight-Part Production

"POLLY OF THE CIRCUS"

FROM THE CELEBRATED
PLAY OF MARGARET
MAYO

FEATURING THE BEAUTIFUL STAR MAE MARSH

Business and Official
Notices

(Second Section)
The China Press
報 陸 大

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must
be Prepaid

Replies must be
called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1919

SHANGHAI GENERAL
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Bank Holidays, 1920.
The Foreign Exchange Banks
of the Shanghai General Chamber
of Commerce will observe the fol-
lowing holidays during 1920:—
Days New Year—Thursday and
Friday, January 1st and
2nd.
China New Year—Friday,
Saturday, Monday and Tues-
day, February 20th, 21st,
23rd and 24th.
Easter—Friday, Saturday
and Monday, April 2nd, 3rd
and 5th.
Whit-Monday—Monday, May
24th.
Dragon Boat Festival—Mon-
day, June 21st.
Summer Holiday—Thursday
and Friday, July 1st and
2nd.
Mid-Autumn Festival—Mon-
day, September 27th.
Anniversary of the Chinese
Republic—Monday, October
11th.
Christmas—Saturday and
Monday, December 25th and
27th.
By Order of the Committee.
M. G. BECK,
Secretary.
Shanghai, 30th October, 1919.
26086

The Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that
the NINTH ANNUAL GENERAL
MEETING of Shareholders of the
above Company will be held at the
Head Office, 71 Szechuen Road,
Shanghai, today the 30th day
of October, 1919 at 4:30
p.m., for the presentation of the
report of the Directors and Ac-
counts to 30th June, 1919, and
a transaction of the ordinary
business of the Company.
The Transfer Books of the Com-
pany will be closed from the 27th
30th October, both days inclu-
sive.
By order of the Board of
Directors,
HUGO REISS & CO.,
Secretaries & General Managers.
Shanghai, 16th October, 1919.
25919

NOTICE
S.S. "West Hartland"
From Portland

An examination of broken and
damaged cargo will be held at
China Merchant's Lower Wharf
Saturday, 1st instant, at 9 a.m.
when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs.
Hulsen and Bayes-Davy will be in
attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.

NOTICE
S.S. "Iconium" From
Seattle

An examination of broken and
damaged cargo will be held at
China Merchant's Lower Wharf
Saturday, 1st instant, at 9 a.m.
when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs.
Hulsen and Bayes-Davy will be in
attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.

American University
Club Notice

All American or Chinese gra-
duates or former students of
American universities who have
recently arrived in Shanghai or
who are not members of the Amer-
ican University Club of China, are
urged to send their names, college
from which graduated, and their
Shanghai address, to the under-
signed.

SECRETARY,
American University Club of China,
113 Avenue Edward VII,
Shanghai.
26065

"Time is Gold"
You may spare much time,
if you buy the
TABLES

OF
TABLES INTO DOLLARS
The number of Taels you can find
in the Tables.

It costs only \$1.00
Obtainable from Henry Teng, ex-
perienced Language Teacher and
Translator,
KAI125 CUNNINGHAM ROAD,
(South of S.N.R. Station)
26027

NOTICE

THE undersigned bear to an-
nounce that Mr. Herbert Mar-
shall Spence, A.R.I.B.A., will join
him in partnership as from 1st
November, 1919, from which date
the designation of the firm will
be Messrs. Stewardson & Spence.
R. E. Stewardson, A.R.I.B.A.,
22 Yuen Ming Yuen Road,
Shanghai, 30th October, 1919.
26091

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

58th MEETING
1st November, 1919
(Saturday)

1st Saddling Bell at 1.15 p.m. Sharp.
MEMBERS AND OWNERS are re-
quested to wear their respective
Badges.

ENTRANCE TICKETS: \$1.00 each,
obtainable at the Gate.

SPECIAL TRAINS: 12.40 p.m., 1.10
p.m.

TIFFINS and REFRESHMENTS
will be served at the Race
Course.

By Order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.

26069

Antimony Regulus
And Tungsten Ore

At most reasonable prices.
Correspondence Solicited.

Yui Hwa Mineral Supply Co.
P3 Nanking Road
(Corner Kiangse Road)
SHANGHAI
26004

The Oriental Hospital

Surgical and Venereal Diseases:
Injections of all kind of vaccines,
serums and 1914 (606); Tests of
blood, treatment by X Ray and
Diathermy.

Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
(Japanese)

He studied medicine in Japan,
America and Europe, so can
speak English well.
21 HAINING ROAD
(fifth house from North Szechuen
Road.)
SHANGHAI
Tel. North 2279.

21666

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the
Imperial University
at Fukuoka.)

Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Urethro
scope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

CAFE PAULISTA CO.

Opening Saturday, November 1st.

The Cafe Paulista Company which has operated so suc-
cessfully throughout Japan, having eight branches in Tokio
alone, opens its main establishment in Shanghai at No. 448
Nanking Road.

The Paulista Company has made a reputation for the ex-
cellence of its cuisine, the cleanliness of its equipment, low
price and up to date service.

They are making a bid for the public's patronage along
these lines, moderate price being one of their features. A
cup of the finest Brazilian coffee for the modest price of five
cents and everything else in proportion will be furnished.
The Company has its own bakery attached so that pastry is
served fresh daily.

The Cafe is situated on the second story and is large,
airy, light and elegantly furnished.

Private dining rooms for parties are found in cozy nooks
with plenty of light.

448 NANKING ROAD (NEAR FOKIEN ROAD)

Opening, Saturday, November 1st,
26082

Dr. Oks, M. D.

SPECIALIST
for eye, ear, throat and
nose diseases.
9-11 a.m. and 1-4 p.m.
3 Kiukiang Road.
Telephone Central 1801.
25714

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases
is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily
and by appointment.
Special consideration to men
in uniform.

TAKE ADVANTAGE

OF THE
HIGH EXCHANGE

Carry a Gold
Dollar Account

WITH

AMERICAN EXPRESS
COMPANY

No. 8 Kinkiang Road.

The Shanghai

Chemical
Laboratory

No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIS

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1465

IT'S GOOD CARBON
IF IT'S "COLUMBIA"

Rainbow, Standard-weight, - makes 4 copies
Kohinoor, Light-weight, - " 8 "
Rattlesnake, Superior - " 12 "

From \$2.50 per box (100 sheets)—Special
Price in 10 box lots and coupon books

TYPEWRITER RIBBONS (All makes) \$1.50

Special Price in dozen lots or coupon books

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT
Cable Add: "Mackbauck" 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai Phone: Central 4778
Bentley & A. B. C. 5th

STEWART
V-Ray SPARK PLUG

Gives more economy, efficiency and
flexibility to the motor.
Has 4 sparking points instead of only
one or two.
Insures a hot, continuous spark—
never fails in service.
Absolutely gas-tight.
Practically free from breakage.
Lasts four times longer than any
other spark plug.
Made to fit any type of motor.
Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

CHIROPRACTIC

CHIROPRACTIC (KI-RO-PRAK-TIK) is a scientific method of
removing the cause of disease (acute or chronic) without the aid
of drugs, surgery, or appliances. The science of Chiropractic is
based upon a correct knowledge of brain, spine, spinal cord and
nerves emanating therefrom.

If others failed to relieve you, why remain sick and still
suffer!

Try Chiropractic Spinal Adjustments and get well!

P. S. Kawaguchi, D.C., Ph.C. Chiropractor

Graduate of Palmer School of Chiropractic,
(Chiropractic Fountain Head) U. S. A.

Office: 71 Szechuen Road
(on the same floor as Toyo Kisen Kaisha Steamship Co.)

OFFICE HOURS:
9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Except Sundays. Send for booklet.
Licentiate of States of North Dakota, Washington, U.S.A.
and also Japan.

Complete X-Ray Laboratory for Spinegraph work now established.
Main Office: 51 Main St., Yokohama, Japan. 26009

Electric Radiators

NO SMELL
NO SMOKE
NO DIRT

Nothing but Heat and that Where and When Required.
Ideal for residence, offices, godowns, garages, etc.

For further particulars, etc., apply to the:
MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang
Physician and Surgeon

(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical
University Clinic of Berlin)

Specialist in venereal diseases.

Office 85 Szechuen Road.

Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.

Telephone: No. C. 3844.

Szechwan Crepe de Chine

Direct from the Source of Supply,
to any Address in the World.

Travelling through Szechwan
Province more than 600 years
ago Marco Polo, the celebrated
Venetian Explorer, observed this
beautiful Crepe de Chine. He
took it to Kublai Kahn, the
greatest Emperor the world has
ever known and Kublai Kahn
presented it to the most favoured
women of his court, adding
charm and beauty to the already
most beautiful women in the
world. Send us your cheque or
Chinese Post Office money order
for \$20. In return we will mail
you one roll of Szechwan Crepe
de Chine, postage free. Width
28 inches, length 30 feet. Ori-
ginal Shade.

WIDLER & COMPANY

Chungking, West China.

NOTICE

We will remove about the
1st of November to our new
quarters, corner of Nanking
Road and Szechuen Road,
above the Raven Trust Co.

PROF. J. K. SETO

TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment

25 N. Szechuen Road.
25800

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, one large and one
small furnished bedroom connect-
ing, with board, permanency. Call
up Central 2250 before Saturday.
26089 O. 31

WANTED: Bachelor wants com-
fortably furnished room without
board not too far from business
district. Please state terms and
address to Box 143, THE CHINA
PRESS.

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, 6 Foochow Road,
ground floor, four very large rooms
(now occupied by L'epargne
Franco-Chinoise) with godowns;
also have to let several suites of
offices, from one to four rooms, in
other buildings Central district,
near this office. Apply J. T. Ham-
mond, 51 Szechuen Road.
25792

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, small furnished flat,
Central district, near The Bund pre-
ferably. Reply, with particulars, to
Box 243, THE CHINA PRESS.
26078 O. 31

WANTED to rent from January 1st,
five or six-roomed furnished house,
with garden, in French Concession
or Western district. Apply to W.
H. Bolton, 647 Great Western Road,
Telephone West 191.
26013

WANTED, furnished house or flat,
on or before December 15th. Reply
with particulars CAC, American
Post Office Box 876.
26014 O. 30

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 20 Robinson Road, ex-
cellent ten-roomed residence with
garage, facing Park. Rent only
Taels 90. Apply premises or J. T.
Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
26021

TO LET, No. 11 Tifeng Road, at
Jessfield Road, Seven-roomed
Residence, garage, stabling and
tennis. Apply J. T. Hammond
No. 51 Szechuen Road.
25624

APARTMENTS

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens.

VACANT, one furnished room
with bathroom attached, suitable
for a couple.

For terms, apply to Mrs. G.
Pollock.

TO LET

From November 1st, two large
rooms with verandah and bath-
rooms. Please apply to Mrs. Wein-
stock, 15 Quinsan Gardens. Tel.
North 482.

TO LET, with board, large com-
fortable newly furnished flat, with
private bathroom. Excellent ui-
sine, telephone, garage. Apply to
Box 223, THE CHINA PRESS.

OFFICES WANTED

WANTED immediately, one or
two office rooms. Apply to Box
271, British Post Office.
26087.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED, Chinese gentleman to
manage office in America for
trading firm. Only man with
commercial experience and ex-
ecutive ability need apply. Re-
ply, giving references to Box 248,
THE CHINA PRESS.
26090 N. 5

WANTED, first-class stenographer
by American company. Give re-
ferences and salary expected to
Box 247, THE CHINA PRESS.
26088 O. 31.

WANTED: To tell you how you
can prepare for a better salary in
your spare time. Office 15A, Inter-
national Correspondence Schools,
11c Nanking Road.

UNLIMITED OPPORTUNITIES for
trained salesmen in China. Com-
missions earned frequently run
into five figures. Interesting work
with opportunity to exercise initia-
tive. Study Scientific Salesman-
ship. Write for Catalog today.
Office 15A, International Corres-
pondence Schools, 11c Nanking
Road.

WE require the services of two
Chinese mechanical engineers, one
to handle correspondence in en-
gineering dept., and one for general
engineering work. Please write
fully, stating education and refer-
ences to Box 241, THE CHINA
PRESS.
26075 N. 4

FEMALE stenographer wanted. Ap-
ply to Henius & Co., 8 Nanking
Road.
26077 O. 31

AN opportunity offers for a young
man (American or British, 22-23
years of age) to learn a pleasant,
lucrative profession in a Shanghai
office. Must be well educated and
of good appearance and address.
Commencing salary small (\$200),
but excellent prospects for the right
man. Address, in own hand-writ-
ing, Box 242, THE CHINA PRESS.

SMART, bright and willing
Eurasian and/or Portuguese girl
required for an office, where there
is good chance for advancement.
Apply to Box 229, THE CHINA
PRESS.
26053 O. 30

INTERPRETER WANTED: Com-
petent Chinese-English interpreter
(Shanghai dialect and Mandarin)
with some experience in legal
matters. Kindly give details of
qualifications by letter to Box 239,
THE CHINA PRESS.
26067 O. 30

WANTED, stenographer experienc-
ed in filing and general office rou-
tine; excellent opportunity for the
right party. Apply to Box 213,
THE CHINA PRESS.
26025 O. 31

EMPLOYMENT Bureau for Steno-
graphers, Typists, and Book-
keepers (foreigners only). If you
are looking for a position, or a
better position, send us your name
and address. No charges in connec-
tion. The Office Appliance Co., 22
Nanking Road.
25625

SITUATIONS WANTED

SCANDINAVIAN, speaking Chinese
fluently, with eight years' business
experience in China, desires office
position. Apply to Box 232, THE
CHINA PRESS.
26058 O. 30

CHINESE young man, recently
returned from France with excel-
lent record as interpreter, desires
position in Shanghai. Possesses
good knowledge of French, English,
and Chinese dialects. Also has had
experience and special training in
poultry farming. Willing to work
hard. Can furnish excellent re-
ferences. Apply to Box 240, THE
CHINA PRESS.
26074 O. 31

POSITION wanted by young Chin-
ese, as assistant-bookkeeper. Local
or outport. Good references. Ap-
ply to Box 237, THE CHINA
PRESS.
26062 O. 30

AGGRESSIVE young man, good
stenographer and all-round office
assistant, desires position. Very
good local references. Apply to
Box 231, THE CHINA PRESS.
26055 O. 30

ENGLISH business man, active,
well-educated and recommended,
offers his services in any capacity
(office or travel). Salary moderate.
Apply to Box 238, THE CHINA
PRESS.
26052 N. 2

EXPERIENCED lady stenographer
wishes to take up work, privately.
Apply to Box 230, THE CHINA
PRESS.
26054 O. 30

BOOKKEEPER and general office
assistant, with knowledge of office
routine, seeks employment. Apply
to Box 235, THE CHINA PRESS.
26061 N. 1

COMPRADORESHIP wanted. Chi-
nese who has thorough knowledge of
export and import business, anxious
to join firm, well acquainted with
all dealers. Apply to Box 184, THE
CHINA PRESS.
25966 O. 31

EMPLOYMENT Bureau for Steno-
graphers, Typists, and Book-
keepers. If you have a vacancy in
your office let us know. No charges
in connection. The Office Appliance
Co., 22 Nanking Road.
25625

EDUCATIONAL

FRENCH taught to children or
adults by experienced and well-
recommended young French lady.
Good references. Apply to Box
244, THE CHINA PRESS.
26081 O. 31.

LOST OR STOLEN

LOST, one black and white fox
terrier, answering to the name of
"DIXIE," with collar and licence
No. V 2108. Finder will be reward-
ed if necessary. Apply to Box 238,
THE CHINA PRESS.
26063 O. 31

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, Korean pony, two
years old, gelding. Apply to
Box 245, THE CHINA PRESS.
26083 O. 31.

WANTED, light two-seater car,
good condition, moderate price.
Apply to Box 246, THE CHINA
PRESS.
26084 N. 1

FOR SALE, beautiful coat of best
Russian Sable, in perfect condition,
for Tls. 3000 or nearest offer. Apply
to Box 221, THE CHINA PRESS.
26037 O. 26

FOR SALE, foreign perambulator
with summer hood, in very good
condition. Original cost \$65; will
accept \$30. Please apply to Box
234, THE CHINA PRESS.
26060 O. 30

PHILATELISTS: What offers for
the following new issues of Ger-
man stamps (unused):—Deutsches
Reich—pt. 2 1/2 (4), 7 1/2 (4), 10 (2),
15 (2), 20 (2), 40 (2), 75 (1);
Deutsche National Versammlung—
pt. 10 and 25. Reply to Box 231,
THE CHINA PRESS.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India,
Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund £2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
25 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Proffit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Banks:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Paris Bank Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:
Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Delhi, Haiphong, Hankow, Hongkong, Holo, Ipoh, Karachi, Kiang, Kobe, Kuala Lumpur, Madras, Manila, Medan, New York, Penang, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.
Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
C. J. SCOTT, Acting-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:
Bangkok, Hanoi, Saigon, Batavia, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Manchu, Singapore, Peking, Tientsin, Douliou, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papeete, Yokohama, Hankow, Pnom-Penh.

Banks:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Pays-Bas; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.
L. ARDAIN, Manager.

The Exchange Bank
of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.
Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Khabex"

Capital Yen 10,000,000
Head Office Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.
Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Manilla, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Poochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai
Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital \$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:
Sterling \$1,500,000
@ 2% \$15,000,000
Silver \$21,000,000
Total \$38,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager:
Hongkong - N. J. STARR.

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Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colombo, Delhi, Haiphong, Hankow, Hongkong, Holo, Ipoh, Karachi, Kiang, Kobe, Kuala Lumpur, Madras, Manila, Medan, New York, Penang, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.
A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully paid) 55,000,000
Reserve Fund 26,900,000
Capital Contributed by Russian Government 5,500,000
Reserve Fund 1,750,000

Head Office: PETROGRAD
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Banks:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:
Bombay, Hanoi, Nicosia, Chanchun, Hankow, O/Amar, (Kwang), Harbin, Peking, (chendu), Hongkong, Shanghai, Chefoo, Manchou, Tientsin, Dairen, Newchwang, Yindovostok (Dahly).

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
Safe Deposit Boxes.
L. JEZERSKI, Manager for Asia.

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA
BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT

Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit

Banque Belge Pour
L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Belge
(THE BELGIAN BANK)
Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tanta, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin.

Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Moaley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belge

Branches:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.
M. DEMETS, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai
Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.
Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.
Interest at the rate of 3% per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.
Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions must be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.
Office Hours—10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.
H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank,
Limited

(Established 1830.)
Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN
Yen
Capital Subscribed 100,000,000
Paid up 48,000,000
Reserve Fund ¥28,000,000

London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:
Batavia, London, Los Angeles, S. Francisco, Bombay, Lyons, Shanghai, Buenos Aires, Manila, Shimoda, Calcutta, Mukden, Singapore, Chanchun, Nagasaki, Soerabaya, Dairen, Newchwang, Sydney, Tientsin, Hankow, Osaka, Tokyo, Hongkong, Peking, Rangoon, Honolulu, Rio de Janeiro, Vladivostok, Kobe, Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

The National
Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital \$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund \$91,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.
SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MUI, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YAO, Sub-Manager.

THE BANK OF CANTON,
LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912
Capital (fully paid) H.K. \$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund H.K. \$600,000.00
Investment reserve fund H.K. \$40,000.00

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Branches and Agencies:
Canton, Bangkok, S. Francisco, Batavia, Bombay, Colombo, Hongkong, Kanton, Shanghai, Soerabaya, Singapore, Yokohama, etc.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
C. C. WONG, Act. Manager.

International Banking
Corporation

Capital & Surplus U.S. \$6,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. \$3,058,000
Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolosan

San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:
China, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Tsingtau, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton, Manchuria, Harbin, India, Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon, Japan, Yokohama, Kobe, Java, Batavia, Soerabaya.

Philippines, Manila, Cebu, Straits Settlements, Singapore, Colombia, Medellin, Dominican Republic, Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris, Puerto Plata, Panama, Colon.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK we are able to offer the facilities of its Branches at:

Argentina, Buenos Aires, Once (Buenos Aires), Rosario, Brazil, Bahia, Pernambuco, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Sao Paulo, Chile, Santiago, Valparaiso, Uruguay, Montevideo, Venezuela, Caracas, Siberia, Vladivostok, Italy, Genoa.

Porto Rico, San Juan, Cuba, Bayamo, Calbarien, Camaguey, Cardenas, Cienfuegos, Cruces, Guantanamo, Havana, Manzanillo, Matanzas, Piacetas, Sagua la Grande, Santiago, Sancti Spiritus, Russia, Moscow, Petrograd, Spain, Madrid.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.
H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank,
Limited

(Established 1830.)
Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN
Yen
Capital Subscribed 100,000,000
Paid up 48,000,000
Reserve Fund ¥28,000,000

London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:
Batavia, London, Los Angeles, S. Francisco, Bombay, Lyons, Shanghai, Buenos Aires, Manila, Shimoda, Calcutta, Mukden, Singapore, Chanchun, Nagasaki, Soerabaya, Dairen, Newchwang, Sydney, Tientsin, Hankow, Osaka, Tokyo, Hongkong, Peking, Rangoon, Honolulu, Rio de Janeiro, Vladivostok, Kobe, Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

The National
Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital \$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund \$91,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.
SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MUI, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YAO, Sub-Manager.

THE BANK OF CANTON,
LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912
Capital (fully paid) H.K. \$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund H.K. \$600,000.00
Investment reserve fund H.K. \$40,000.00

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Branches and Agencies:
Canton, Bangkok, S. Francisco, Batavia, Bombay, Colombo, Hongkong, Kanton, Shanghai, Soerabaya, Singapore, Yokohama, etc.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
C. C. WONG, Act. Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel
Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)
Established 1824.
Paid-up Capital: Guilders 80,000,000
(about \$6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,546
(about \$1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000
(about \$1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:
Bandjarmasin, Penang, Bandong, Pontianak, Cheribon, Rangoon, Djember, Semarang, Djokjakarta, Singapore, Hongkong, Soerabaya, Kota-Radia, Soerakarta, Langsa, Tebing-Tinggi, Makassar, Tegal, Medan, Telok-Beton, Padang, Tjilatjap, Weltevreden, Fakalohang.

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current local accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.
B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The
Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.
Capital \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund \$50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies:
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal cities throughout China.
Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodadi, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.
Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.
Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.
LI MING, Manager.
CHEN SIN TUNG, Sub-manager.
ZAI MOH ZUNO, Sub-manager.

Commercial Bank of
China

Head Office: SHANGHAI
Subscribed Capital ... \$5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits: For 3 months at 3% per annum. For 6 months at 4% per annum. For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.
H. G. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank
of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies:
Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Hongkong, Penang, Colombo, Karachi, Port Louis, Delhi, Kota Bahru (Mauritius), Galle (Ceylon), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2% per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH, Manager.
24 The Bund.

Banking Service with AMERICA

Personal
Partners now engaged in, or with America would do well to consider the special nature of our facilities and interest we take in every transaction.

Direct banking service—with or without necessary delays. Every transaction, both here and in America, is handled with a personal touch which is evident in the service.

Do you want to know more about America?

in the Far East:
Shanghai
and Kiangse Roads

Other branches in
Canton—Changsha—Hankow—Hongkong—
Manila—Peking—Tientsin

Asia Banking Corporation

Yew York
CAPITAL U.S. \$1,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. \$1,100,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

Authorised Capital \$80,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital .. \$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... \$1,298,522.00
Special Reserve Fund \$1,898,983.68

PARK-UNION
FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus \$2,250,000

Owned and controlled by
The National Park Bank New York
Union Bank of Canada

We beg to announce the opening of a Branch in Shanghai in temporary quarters at
No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD

BRANCHES
SAN FRANCISCO
PARIS
SEATTLE
YOKOHAMA

DIRECTORS
Richard Deafield, H. B. Shaw, R. O. McCulloch, Stanley B. Elkin, Stephen Haas, F. E. Kenaston, W. J. Dawson, F. L. Appleby, A. P. Villa, T. Fred Aspden, Charles A. Holder.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
3 HANKOW ROAD.
Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

行銀中
Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. \$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital \$1,020,000
Reserve Fund \$20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:
Tientsin, Chinkiang, Ichang, Shanghai, Soochow, Changsha, Peking, Wueh, Shansi, Hankow, Hangchow, Yuhu, Nanking, Ningpo, London, Yangchow, Shaoching, New York, Hsuehchow, Canton, S. Francisco, Pengu, Hongkong, Boston, Changchun, Changchih, Tokio, Antung, Chengchow, Kobe, Kiukiang, Tientsin, Osaka, Yokohama.

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Credits granted on approved securities.
Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager.

For Trieste
Gablons Sep. 1
For Bombay
Dilwara Oct.
For Singapore
Lowther Castle Oct. 1
Castor Oct. 2
For Calcutta
Japan Sep. 28
Gregory Apar Oct. 25
For Hull
Benavon Oct. 12

For Liverpool
Alcinous Oct. 11
For Marseilles
Karachi Maru Sep. 24
Portheus Sep. 29
Batavia Oct. 5
Java Maru Oct. 6
Wollwara Oct. 16
Cape Town Maru Oct. 20
Toyooka Maru Oct. 28

For San Francisco
Tacoma Sep. 23
West Vaca Oct. 1
Tancred Oct. 5
Ecuador Oct. 12
Tamaha Oct. 13
Archer Oct. 18
Nile Oct. 18
West Cactus Oct. 26
Royal Arrow Oct. 28

For Tacoma
Javary Sep. 29
Justin Sep. 30
Manila Maru Oct. 22
For Seattle
Edmore Sep. 23
City of Spokane Oct. 7
Stanley Oct. 14
West Segovia Oct. 26
For New York
Eurymedon Oct. 22
Bolton Castle Oct. 22
For Vancouver
Harold Dollar Sep. 21
Monteagle Oct. 15
For London etc.
Alaska Maru Sep. 21
Atsuta Maru Sep. 30
Titan Oct. 8
Wakasa Maru Oct. 11
Shidzuoka Maru Oct. 13
Peleus Oct. 22
Delagoa Maru Oct. 25
Khiva Oct. 28
Kaga Maru Oct. 29
For Liverpool
Alcinous Oct. 11
For Marseilles
Karachi Maru Sep. 24
Portheus Sep. 29
Batavia Oct. 5
Java Maru Oct. 6
Wollwara Oct. 16
Cape Town Maru Oct. 20
Toyooka Maru Oct. 28

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THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated,
 Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Changeable weather because of the depression. Southerly winds along the North coast. Normal monsoon in the South.

BIRTH

JACKSON: To Mr. and Mrs. Tom L. Jackson (Bangkok), in New York, a daughter. (By cable).

26085.

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, OCTOBER 30, 1919

An Industrial Crisis

President Wilson's note from his sickbed to the Capital-Labor Conference which has been sitting in Washington since October 6, asking it to continue its sessions until it shall have achieved something definite in the form of an actual industrial program, would indicate that while the conference undoubtedly has been of use, it had thus far failed of its main objective. The conference was called during a period of unexampled industrial disturbance. There were, for instance, 121 strikes in progress in the United States when the President issued his call, and after the issuance of the call, the great steel strike was started, so that the situation now must be worse than ever. And if the Capital-Labor Conference should eventually fail of result an even more disastrous position will ensue, for a number of strikes are being held up pending the outcome of the conference.

That both parties to the industrial strife are in deadly earnest in their efforts to arrive at a peaceful understanding is certain. The Chamber of Commerce of the United States recently committed itself to the following principles of industrial relations, by a referendum vote of its member organizations:

- 1.—Industrial enterprise, as a source of livelihood for both employer and employee, should be so conducted that due consideration is given to the situation of all persons dependent upon it.
- 2.—The public interest requires adjustment of industrial relations by peaceful methods.
- 3.—Regularity and continuity of employment should be sought to the fullest extent possible and constitute a responsibility resting alike upon employers, wage earners, and the public.
- 4.—The right of workers to organize is as clearly recognized as that of any other element or part of the community.
- 5.—Industrial harmony and prosperity will be most effectively promoted by adequate representation of the parties in interest. Existing forms of representation should be carefully studied and available in so far as they may be found to have merit and be adaptable to the peculiar conditions in the various industries.
- 6.—Whenever agreements are made with respect to industrial relations they should be faithfully observed.
- 7.—Such agreements should contain provision for prompt and final interpretation in the event of controversy regarding meaning or application.
- 8.—Wages should be adjusted with due regard to the purchasing power of the wage and to the right of every man to an opportunity to earn a living at fair wages, to reasonable

hours of work and working conditions, to a decent home, and to the enjoyment of proper social conditions.

9.—Fixing of a basic day as a device for increasing compensation is a subterfuge that should be condemned.

10.—Efficient production in conjunction with adequate wages is essential to successful industry. Arbitrary restriction on output below reasonable standards is harmful to the interests of wage earners, employers, and the public, and should not be permitted. Industry, efficiency, and initiative, wherever found, should be encouraged and adequately rewarded, while indolence and indifference should be condemned.

11.—Consideration of reduction in wages should not be reached until possibility of reduction of costs in all other directions has been exhausted.

12.—Administration of employment and management of labor should be recognized as a distinct and important function of management and accorded its proper responsibility in administrative organization.

Immediately following the adoption of these principles, came the steel strike. Had the above principles been followed, the strike probably would have been averted. Recently the threat of a national railroad strike led to the introduction in Congress of a bill designed to make it illegal for men in key industries to strike. According to a Reuter's cable received a day or two ago, efforts are now being made to prevent a national strike of the coal miners which is fixed to take place November 1. In this connection it should be understood that the railroad men and the coal miners have a working agreement to support each other in their fight for some form of nationalization of the roads and mines. Thus a strike by the miners might be quickly followed by a strike of the railroad men, and with the steel strike already in progress industrial paralysis would be complete.

Therefore, of all the issues before the Capital-Labor conference the strike now commands first place. The police strike at Boston awakened the country suddenly and sharply to the extremes to which a strike may be carried, and the whole question of the right of policemen to strike is being considered by the conference. Strikes in defiance of public opinion, such as the recent railroad strike in Great Britain, ordinarily are doomed to failure. But what becomes of public opinion in the present instance where all the key industries and all the laboring classes are involved? They also represent their portion of public opinion and it is a very large portion. We are with President Wilson in the earnest hope that the present conference will not adjourn until it has drawn up a definite, workable program for the future.

Correspondence

THE THANKS OF ARMENIA
 Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir: In leaving Shanghai, I wish on behalf of my people to thank the American people for treating us so kindly for the past two years while we have been refugees here in the Far East. Nearly everyone of us has departed from here; some to America, the land of freedom, and others back to their own country, which is expected to come under the mandate of the United States. Several hundred of our refugees who escaped from Armenia and Assyria, passing through Caucasus into Russia, not finding a place for themselves there had to pass into Siberia, and were there helped by the American Red Cross. Now these refugees have all departed to America, or to their own country, which is made free from Mahomedan slavery, and we are in great hopes that the Turkish flag will never fly in our country again.

I am most thankful for the kindness of all missionaries as well as all business men of all Allied nations, who have given us a helping hand.

We hear that American missionaries have already returned to Armenia and Assyria, especially the American Relief Commission which has been working amongst our refugees from the beginning of the war, even until today, according to a letter received direct from Hamadan, Central Persia, where today the American Relief Commission is still helping thousands of refugees, everyone of whom has been saved from death by the American people. And for this

we heartily thank those who contributed, and also those who have distributed. We need only mention one name, that of the late Dr. W. A. Sheppard, who gave his life for the salvation of over 150,000 people, being himself one of the martyrs for the sake of the salvation of destitute Armenian women and children, as well as Assyrians who fled from the district of Urmiah, Persia. These refugees are now almost all back in Hamadan and some are in their own homes. And the Commission which is working amongst them has done most excellent work.

We are expecting to leave Shanghai October 31, of traveling via India, and we are the last of the refugees among the Assyrians who are going home, expecting to meet our co-workers, the American missionaries, so that we may do our duty there, as we have done before, and I am sure there will be more freedom for us to work there now than ever before. We are expecting the United States will take the mandate over stricken Armenia and give us a helping hand just as they have done for the people of the Philippines, or Cuba or Porto Rico and Panama, who have been so well treated by the United States Government, and we trust that the same democracy which is found in the States can also be established in Turkey and all over Asia.

I wish all my friends in China God's Blessing and Prosperity, and trust that God may reward them for their kindness to us. Good-bye, God be with you all. Yours faithfully,

M. G. DANIELS.

P.S.—I shall be in Hongkong a few days and my address there will be care of the Y.M.C.A.

M. G. D.

F. P. A.'s Conning Tower

(New York Tribune)
 "Certainly," writes W. W. E. the old West is dead. The New West says so. Emerson Hough asserts, "I'll say so. Bill Hart's every film is a confirmation. And yet—when Mr. Cousin-The-Professor's Wife writes the following from Laramie (Wyoming University), one feels that Theodore Winthrop might pick up enough stuff out there for another John Brent."

"Our judicial brother (Judge Jean Tibball), went up to Rawlins to hold court the other day and confiscated 500 quarts of whisky. The question came up what to do with the stuff, and Jean said he wasn't going to set any embarrassing precedent by giving it to this or that institution. So the dignified Court ordered the 500 quarts set up on a bill back of the Court House and then said Court took out a six-shooter and shot the bottles full of holes."

"Can you imagine the judge of Dedham (Mass.) resorting to such simple and primitive means?"

Mr. Bunn Uttered A Bookful

[From "The Stage Both Before and Behind the Curtain" by Alfred Bunn, Lessee of the Theatres Royal, Drury Lane and Covent Garden—Published 1840.]

A manager should be a very extraordinary fellow. He has to do with more extraordinary people than any other man amongst his fellow creatures. He is a sovereign, to be sure; but what is the use of a sovereignty, unless he can exclaim, with Alexander Selkirk:

"I am monarch of all I survey!"

He is a general, most certainly; but what is the advantage of all his tactics, unless he has a disciplined army? He is considered to be the arbiter elegantissimus, but the elegantist, i.e. (the performers), act the part of arbiters, by becoming VICEROYS over the KING; though apparently uncontrolled, he is in a perpetual state of dependence; and in the midst of power he is powerless.

As we hear the sound of the hammer as it is building the many improvements to our beautiful and fast-growing city it sounds the huge that is heard by many happy and contented citizens of the real city along the north branch of the River (N. D.)

Wherein the hammer sounds Taps.

Bit Of All Right, Old Bean, We Mean To Say

Sir: I say, this is all rot about military correspondence in your army, you know. It is really, assure you, the Americans were babies at it. They were really. No offense, of course, but you know what I mean.

Up at Halifax, for instance, we used to have an awfully jolly scheme for dealing with chits that nobody knew anything about. A Johnny would just pass them on to some other Johnny. Simple, what?

But, of course, the jolly old conventions had to be observed and so on. So a chap would write on the bottom of the bally thing, "For you, please," or "To note, please," or whatnot. Rattling good scheme.

I remember one day something came up that nobody in our department had the faintest idea what the bally thing was about. So we passed it to the A. A. G. or to the D. S. O., or some other chappie, and wrote on the bottom of it, "For your information, please."

And the silly blighter sent it back again with this written on it:

"Thank you, please."

FEBE.

Viscount Grey New British Ambassador To U.S.

Statesman Of 'All Conquering Sincerity,' Advocate Of Irish Home Rule, Enthusiastic Supporter Of The League Of Nations

By Frederic William Wile
 (Author of "Explaining the Britishers")

New York, September 21.—If the British Government had raked John Bull's islands with a fine-tooth comb for a typical Englishman for the Ambassadorship to Washington it could not have discovered a more characteristic specimen than Viscount Grey of Fallodon, who was scheduled to sail for the United States yesterday on the Mauretania. He is English of the English. That, and his all-conquering sincerity, are his outstanding qualities. They are undoubtedly the ones that made him the logical choice for the overwhelmingly most important diplomatic post within Downing Street's gift.

Aristocratic in the best sense of a misunderstood term, yet democratic to the core, Lord Grey will come to know himself in the span of a few weeks. He brings to it another asset perhaps more vital than all the rest. Lord Grey is ardently and convincingly Americanophile.

To two eminent citizens of the United States, who followed each other to the Great Beyond within the span of a few weeks—Walter Hines Page and Theodore Roosevelt—Grey unbentured himself perhaps with more vigor and at greater length than to any other, regarding his passionate belief in Anglo-Americanism as a force for righteousness in world affairs. To Roosevelt, Grey's confidences were imparted in 1910 in that memorable three-hour saunter of theirs through the New Forest, when they talked of birds and squirrels and the other things of nature in which robust outdoor men are interested. To Page, Grey's faith in the common destiny of the English-speaking race was unfolded during those portentous days of American neutrality between 1914 and 1917, when, on more than one occasion, a rift in the lute seemed well within the realm of practical possibilities.

INVARIABLY TACTFUL

Well do I recall sitting at Page's desk in Grosvenor Gardens in those acute times when our protests against the British blockade rained fast and thick upon Downing Street, and hearing our Ambassador say with what infinite tact Foreign Secretary Grey invariably met the issue, how, though never failing resolutely to support and sustain the British case, Grey ever emphasized the manifest urgency of prosecuting it that American friendship for the Allied cause could not be jeopardized. Grey's part was not a personal opportunity of stressing the role played by Page in those super-delicate negotiations. "Though on no occasion yielding an inch of what the United States counts as his rights, the Foreign Secretary said to a friend of mine in London, "Ambassador Page always came to Downing Street with an unconquerable resolve to preserve the Anglo-American entente cordiale." Page treasured highly a personal letter Grey wrote him the day America entered the war. In a brief but beautiful piece of English, Grey paid warm tribute to the idealism which inspired our declaration of hostilities against Germany.

Relations between Great Britain and the United States having emerged triumphantly from the perils of a victorious comradeship-in-arms, they have now reached a stage where practicalities must supersede pleasantries. It would be a venturesome after-dinner enthusiast at St. George's Society in New York or a Fourth of July celebration in London who would banish Anglo-American strife to the sphere of the unthinkable. The war has created certain concrete imponderabilia between our two countries which cannot be post-prandially out of existence.

Great Britain and the United States, being the world's premier trading nations, are bound to remain formidable, and even fierce, rivals in the markets of the globe. Great Britain owes us the tidy sum of four billion dollars. The financial leadership of the universe has passed from London to New York. The mercantile marine trident, so long irrevocably held by John Bull, is slowly but surely passing to the grasp of the new Neptune across the Atlantic. There is Ireland, whose 15,000,000 vociferous sons and daughters reside in the United States are clamoring for American intervention on Erin's behalf in one form or another.

There are ancient Anglo-American treaties, some of them a century's vintage, which were abrogated or vitally affected by the unparalleled emergencies of the late war. Take one of these as an example—the old treaty relating to the rights and duties of sailors and port authorities. Our La Follette shipping law obliterated that agreement as if it had never been signed. There are countless American claims for damages by American shipowners and merchants dating back to the days of the British blockade and our neutrality. There is the eternal question of Mexico, and of Great Britain's vast vested interests there. Will the British Government continue indefinitely to be content with American hesitation in bringing briefly Mexico to reason and to a more responsible sense of respect for

European rights south of the Rio Grande?

A KEEPER OF PEACE

On the threshold of this new era in Anglo-American history, it is eminently reassuring that Britain has sent to Washington a statesman with so brilliant a record as a peace-keeper. A peace-keeper is not a pacifist, who, though he ardently deny it, is usually for keeping the peace at any price. Grey of Fallodon, who ruled at the British Foreign Office (as Sir Edward Grey) for nine years preceding the great war, contrived to pour oil on the troubled European waters on at least two portentous occasions—when Germany threatened to set the powder-barrel alight in 1911 over Morocco and a year later when the British Foreign Secretary assembled, and presided over, the famous Ambassadorial Conference for liquidation of the Balkan war.

But when, in the red Summer of 1914, it was a question of Britain of peace with dishonor, Grey unhesitatingly chose the path which led to war, because only along that path lay the way to vindication of national honor. "His Majesty's Government," Sir Edward Grey directed the British Ambassador at Berlin to inform the German Government, in that immortal despatch of July 30, 1914, "cannot for a moment entertain the Imperial Chancellor's proposal that they should bind themselves to neutrality on such terms. What he asks us in effect is to engage to stand by while French colonies are taken and France is beaten, so long as Germany does not take French territory as distinct from the colonies."

It would be a disgrace for us to make this bargain with Germany at the expense of France, a disgrace from which the good name of this country would never recover. The Chancellor asked us in effect to bargain away whatever obligation or interest we have as regards the neutrality of Belgium. We could not entertain that bargain, either."

That rebuff of Germany's "infamous proposal" the Grey note rang typical and true. Neither the assent nor the signature of Grey of Fallodon will ever be obtainable for any bargain that barter away British honor. We shall enter upon our official relations with his Britannic Majesty's new plenipotentiary at Washington wisely and intelligently if we bear that incorrigible aspect of the man in mind. From his untarnished record as a public man we may draw another firm conclusion, namely, that he always deals straight from the shoulder. During the war the German specialiser in lampooning Grey as Machiavellianism incarnate, ever caricatured him in ectorial and cartoon as the personification of Perfidious Albion. Pictorially, the favorite presentation of Grey to the boche masses was that of a criminal and crafty degenerate with receding chin, exaggeratedly pointed nose and hypocritical leer. Always he was portrayed, in word and picture, as the "organiser of the war." Germans were educated to look upon Grey as the statesman who had plotted sedulously and diabolically for Germany's downfall. At the man were those slanders leveled who, up to the very hour when the Germanic thunderbolts were loosed in August, 1914, labored unremittently to induce the War Lords of Berlin and Vienna to submit that specious claims to peaceful arbitration.

SENSITIVE OF HIS REPUTATION

Grey, though imperturbably British, is known to have felt keenly these incessant and cruel German aspersions upon his political honor. He took them personally to heart. They wounded a particularly fine and sensitive nature. They are believed to have been partially responsible for the nervous and physical breakdown which required Grey to relinquish the direction of the Foreign Office in 1916, though his failing eyesight was the principal contributory cause.

Viscount Grey is 57 years old, but does not look it. Fairly tall, slender and trim of build, smooth-shaven and aquiline-nosed, with outstandingly clear-cut features, he can be truthfully described as an typically English in exterior as he is in mentality. He is one of those innumerable Britons who in carriage and physiognomy manifest generations of good breeding. Cold blue eyes and a chin which betokens firmness, and even stubbornness, give a reliable index to the character of the man, whose principal trait was recently described by a friendly critic as "phlegmatic and passionless self-control."

Grey is not an orator in the American sense of the term. He could not be flamboyant or spellbound if he tried. His public speeches in England, in and out of Parliament, are few and far between. When Foreign Secretary he never spoke save on august occasions. Then his pronouncements, intended not merely for the narrow precincts of the House of Commons, rang around the world to which they were, of course, in reality delivered. His utterances are conspicuous for rugged sincerity, clear reasoning, and transparent candor.

AN OUTDOOR MAN

An Oxford man, from Balliol College, that famed incubator of British statesmen which gave men like Gladstone, Rosebery, Curzon, Asquith, Milner, and a host of lesser luminaries to British public life. Viscount Grey is naturally typical English "Varsity" product. He was trained for the

bar, but has never practiced. He is leisurely, book-wormish, and passionately addicted to outdoor life—tennis, fishing, and birds are his hobbies. He has written only one book, and that was devoted to his favorite pastime, the gentle art of fly fishing. His life was perceptibly saddened by the untimely death of Lady Grey thirteen years ago in consequence of a runaway accident. Lady Grey was his boon comrade, and was herself the possessor of brilliant intellectual talents. A childless widower, his life since her loss has been one of undisguised personal sorrow and loneliness.

I imagine that two things about Grey had much to do with his selection for John Bull's mission to Washington: he is an old-time Irish Home Ruler and he is one of the world's "original" League of Nations men. A disciple of the Gladstone school of liberalism, Grey has long and consistently advocated a square deal for the legitimate aspirations of the Irish people. No Englishman is better equipped to place the purely English case for home rule before the United States Government and the American people. He will put it in terms of unmistakable sympathy for the Irish cause. Authorities like T. P. O'Connor seem to think that the despatch of Grey to Washington augurs the inauguration of some definite Irish policy by Britain. An Irishman, it is interesting to note, will come with Grey as his chief aid, Sir William Tyrrell, who was long Grey's chief private secretary at the Foreign Office, and who was in the United States on a special mission early in the war. Tyrrell, too, is a constitutional Irish Home Ruler. He will be a tower of strength to the Ambassador, particularly as Grey is still required to conserve his ocular energy to the utmost degree.

FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS

President Wilson will find Viscount Grey a convinced and uncompromising adherent of the League of Nations. In a striking pamphlet on the League project, published in June, 1918, while the issue of the war still hung in the balance, Grey wrote:

"The establishment and maintenance of a League of Nations such as President Wilson has advocated is more important and essential to secure peace than any of the actual terms of peace that may conclude the war. It will transcend them all. The best of them will be worth little unless the future relations of States are to be on a basis that will prevent a recurrence of militarism in any State."

"Learn by experience or suffer by the rule of life. We have all of us seen individuals becoming more and more a misery to themselves and others because they cannot understand or will not accept this rule. Is it not applicable to nations as well? And if so, have not nations come to the great crisis in which for them the rule 'Learn or perish' will prove inexorable? All must learn the lesson of this war. The United States and the Allies cannot save the world from militarism unless Germany learns her lesson thoroughly and completely, and they will not save the world or even themselves by a complete victory over Germany until they, too, have learned and can apply the lesson that militarism has become the deadly enemy of mankind."

Friends of Anglo-American fraternity—advocates everywhere of a sane and new order in international politics—have reason to feel grateful that a man like Grey of Fallodon is coming to Washington.

My English Creed

I believe that my mother tongue is worthy my admiration, respect and love. I believe that it is possible for me to speak my native language correctly, fluently and elegantly. I believe that this takes time, patience and care.

I believe that slang is language in the making and that until it is made, it is not proper to use.

I believe that the use of slang kills one's power to speak fluently.

I believe that the proper accompaniment to pure, clearly enunciated language is a musical voice.

I believe this voice can be cultivated, for it is every one's right by inheritance. I believe it is possible to live up to the CREED.

I believe it is worth while. I believe I'll try it.

HARRIETTE TAYLOR TREADWELL.

The Pill-Grim

One day I met a friend of mine. Whom years ago I knew. And said to him, "What walk in life is that which you pursue?" In solemn thought he looked about.

"What walk of life?" said he. "I started on the osteopath." And then he laughed in glee. "That's all in life," said he, "I soon found out it was far too stern. And now, upon the homeopath, I now make my return!" BLANCHETTE ELIZABETH WADE, in the New York Post.

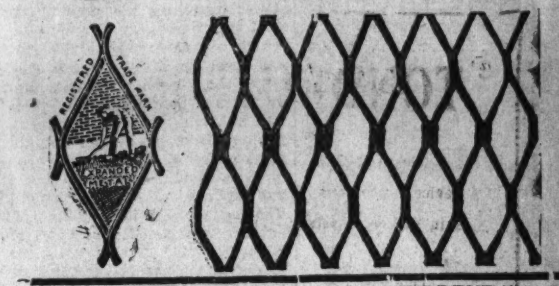
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"This artist works two hours a day and makes \$25,000 a year."

"Pretty soft! I don't suppose the eight-hour day means anything to him."

"You're wrong there. His poster entitled, 'A Square Deal for the Workingman,' netted him enough to buy a new motor car."

Wise Kid

In an infant school the teacher chose the miracle of the water being turned into wine as the subject of the usual Bible lesson.

In telling the story she occasionally asked a few questions. One of them was:

"When the new wine was brought

to the governor of the feast what did he say?"

"A little girl, remembering what she had heard, probably on some festive occasion, called out: 'Here's luck!'"

Just For Fun

Little seven-year-old James came home from school the first day with a determined look on his face. He was decided on one point.

"Mother," he cried, "I'm going to quit school and be a school teacher."

"Why, James," said his mother, laughing, "how can you? You don't know enough."

"Don't know enough?" exclaimed the would-be-teacher. "You don't have to know anything! All you have to do is ask questions!"

Bringing Up Father



By George McManus

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The TONDEUSE-RASOIR is the only hair clipping device which trims the hair as close to the surface of the skin and as perfectly as a razor.

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The TONDEUSE-RASOIR does not need a drop, cup, soap or brush.

The TONDEUSE-RASOIR comes as a blessing to Ladies as it keeps the underarm and the legs white and smooth.

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Dangers In Overdoing Exercises

"Pursued ostensibly to promote personal welfare, physical exercise is not infrequently carried to a point of overdoing, which results in injury rather than benefit," says the Journal of the American Medical Association.

Commenting on some observations made on aviators, it says the test of the value of an exercise lies in the physiological adjustments that it induces. "If the heart reduces its rate of beating and is less sensitive to exertion, the training is commendable. Training should make the heart and other muscles work better and endure fatiguing exercises better than the untrained heart does. Consequently, if the heart reacts excessively as a result of work; if there is a rapid rise in pulse rate, which returns to its normal only after a long interval, the fundamental aim of exercise for health has not been accomplished. The symptoms of an overtaxed mechanism are at hand. However advantageous vigorous training may be in the great majority of cases, failure to adjust to the increased demand of work is always a signal to desist and an indication that other modes of perfecting the organism should be sought."

Nervous Dumbness Is Easily Cured

As the result of a nervous shock or of sudden emotion a person will wake up the following morning unable to speak. Joy or grief sometimes has this effect. This is called hysterical mutism. Often the person cannot even whisper.

Dr. Paul V. Winslow, attending laryngologist of the Brooklyn State Hospital, describes in the New York Medical Journal his method of curing such cases in a few minutes. It is very simple.

After taking a careful history and examining the organs of speech to make sure there is no defect in them he asks the patient to take ten or twelve deep breaths, then to raise his arms over his head ten or twelve times. Looking him squarely in the eye the doctor informs him "there is a little piece of cartilage in his throat which is slightly out of position, and as soon as I put my finger down his throat and fix it he will be able to use his voice." Then, pushing in the patient's cheek so that he cannot bite, the doctor pushes the index finger of his right hand down beyond the epiglottis and holds it there "till the patient begins to grunt. He withdraws his finger, begins to count from one to five, urging the patient to count with him. If this does not work he begins to count again, this time much louder than before.

It may be necessary to yell before the patient begins to use his

voice. When the voice is once restored Dr. Winslow keeps it working so that the patient will become accustomed to it and acquire confidence.

Fountain Pen Was An American Invention

The Frenchman, Mallat, is credited with having invented the fountain pen in 1864. But almost ten years prior an American, the Rev. N. A. Prince, gave to the world this indispensable little instrument. His patent bears date of Jan. 23, 1855.

His pen, as described and illustrated in the American Inventor, Vol. 1, No. 1, September, 1855 (Low-Haskell and Co., New York), differs in no essential from the fountain pen of the present day. It was even a self-filler, having a plunger, which when pulled sucked the barrel full of ink. He mentions in his description the cap, which prevents the ink from drying up and also permits of the pen being carried in the pocket, and calls particular attention to the fact that the pen itself was made of gold and the reservoir and other parts of "portene" or prepared gutta percha, thus being incorrodable.

Inasmuch as "protean," the forerunner of hard rubber, had just then been invented, it is hardly possible that a commercially usable fountain pen could have been produced at an earlier date.

Mr. Prince was a believer in advertising, as the subsequent numbers of the publication mentioned regularly contained his "ad," with opinions of the press as well as of reporters and authors.

His retail prices ranged from \$3 to \$4.50.

There is, however, a still earlier claimant to the honor, for Miss Charlotte J. Hawkes of No. 469 Grove Street, Jersey City, writes that her great grandfather, George F. Hawkes, who kept a store at Nos. 1 and 3 John Street, New York, patented a fountain pen in 1845.

What To Do If You Receive A Bomb

If you should receive what you believe to be a bomb or infernal machine through the mails or by messenger, write Inspector Owen Eagan of the Bureau of Combustibles, New York Fire Department.

1.—Leave it alone,
2.—Do not place it in water,
3.—Call the Fire Department, or if it is not convenient, call the nearest police officer, who will at once notify the Fire Department, and have the expert come to inspect the suspicious package immediately.

It is a common but fallacious rule among the general public, that in order to be safe with a bomb or infernal machine, it should at once be placed in a pail of water. If the bomb or infernal machine has a fuse attached to it, and the fuse may be seen burning or sputtering, then drop the bomb in water, which method usually is efficacious in making it harmless, as the lighted fuse is at once extinguished, but the best advice is to leave the house.

However, when this lighted fuse is NOT PLAINLY EVIDENT on the bomb or infernal machine, IT SHOULD NOT BE PLACED IN WATER, as many of these devices are chemically or electrically operated. Another possibility likely to occur, if the suspected bomb or package is placed in water, is that some of them are made up in part of certain chemicals which will explode as soon as the water reaches them.

There is an added probability that if the package or bomb is

immersed in water, the reaction between the water and the chemical may give rise to a violent and persistent combustion, the flames of which will set fire to the house. In some of these contrivances there is a second compartment containing a high explosive, which can be ignited by heat, and where such a condition as outlined may occur, it is at once apparent that the heat due to the combustion of the initial chemical may generate sufficient heat to detonate the explosive, with possibly fatal results.

'Mild' Cigars May Be Strong

Storm van Leeuwen, of Utrecht, has prepared another surprise for the unsuspecting smoker, says the Journal of the American Medical Association. He has made an investigation of the actual nicotine content of cigar smoke collected under conditions comparable to those that prevail in the actual performance of smoking, in which some of the products of combustion are dissipated into the air without absorption and only a part is collected in the mouth.

According to the observations made by the Dutch pharmacologist, no correlation between the supposed "strength" of cigars and the toxicity of their vapors could be established.

If this be correct, it follows that the current designation of tobacco as "mild" or otherwise probably depends in large measure on factors of flavor or aroma as well as on assumed physiologic effects that it may bring about. What constituents are responsible has not been determined.

Too Hot Drinks Are Blamed For Cancer

Dr. M. J. Petty, Jr., assistant surgeon to the Kawson Hospital, Buenos Ayres, believes that very hot drinks have at least as much to do with cancer of the tongue as has excessive smoking. It is, he believes, the irritation produced by tea and coffee, sipped too hot, that starts a slight injury to the delicate mucous membrane of the tongue.

"This," he says in a letter to the Lancet (London), "corresponds closely to that of Kangeri cancer, and that of the adult male Chinaman, who, sitting at the head of his table, is always served first with the hot rice, and being about the only person in China to suffer from carcinoma of the stomach."

Dr. Petty says the male tongue is notoriously capable of comfortably supporting more irritation from tobacco, hot liquids, curries, etc., than the female tongue.

And Dr. R. Ackerley of Llandrindod Wells writes that these hot things cause a chronic congestion of the tissues. "It is not," says he, "one cup of hot tea or coffee, nor one plateful of hot porridge or hot soup, but the taking of liquid or pappy food hotter than the mouth and stomach day after day for years that is injurious."

Dr. Ackerley says most people take these foods far too hot, at temperatures varying from 150 degrees to 190 degrees F., and are described as "cold" at 120 degrees.

Dr. Spencer Mort of the British army has had great success in restoring the shape of broken noses by inserting pieces of solid paraffin wax, cut to shape, through a quarter-inch incision in the skin. He issues a warning against the danger of using melted wax in such cases.

When King George III. showed signs of insanity his physicians could agree on only one thing—the necessity of blistering his royal legs.

Experiments with alcohol on dogs prove that, when they are drunk, they can walk but not stand; their hind legs give out first. In man the whole support of the body is the legs. This is why he finds difficulty in keeping his balance when intoxicated.

Don't lock the door when you take a bath. You may slip and fall in the tub.

Topics In Brief

The little pig that went to market in the old days now has descendants who spend all their time in the cold-storage plants.—Dallas News.

Great Britain has removed all restrictions on beer, and is ready to renew her proud title of "light little island."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Old King Coal is a costly old soul.—Lancet Courier Citizen.

The effort now is to make the hire worthy of the laborer.—Greenville (S.C.) Piedmont.

Honor will make the League effective. Honor would have made it unnecessary.—Greenville (S.C.) Piedmont.

The rapidity with which Belgium got on its feet again suggests that the Belgians didn't sit down and haggle about how many hours a day they should work.—Rochester Herald.

When the New York fan talks about the Reds being a menace to civilization, he isn't thinking of Russia.—Greenville (S.C.) Piedmont.

Mary had a little lamb, a very small, thin slice, for that was all she could afford at the prevailing price.—New York American.

That capital-labor conference in Washington should not be allowed to develop into a second Peace Conference.—Wall Street Journal.

Business And Pleasure

(Nicholson, Pa. Times)

Mrs. Mary Stark is home from the county seat where she has been on a combined business and pleasure trip. During her absence she attended the funeral of her cousin, Abner S. Martin.

We Always Were Strong For Mennen's

(Headsburg Cal., Enterprise)

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Thompson have a little daughter. An interesting fact about the matter is that the mother is the original of the Mennen's Talcum Powder Baby, so well known by readers of the magazine advertisements. The little one bids fair to rival its mother in health and charm.

Isn't This Fellow A Devil?

(Buffalo News)

We would like to see a girl dress on \$1 a week.

Some Jazz Orchestra

We quote once more, the Bieber (Cal.) Gazette's announcement that in Charley Kennie's one man jazz orchestra there is a pair of symbols.

MARTIN'S APIOL-STEEL PILLS

A French Remedy for all irregularities. These pills of Steel and Soap of Potash are the most effective and most reliable of all remedies for all irregularities of the female system. They are recommended by all the most eminent medical authorities. Price 2/6. MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

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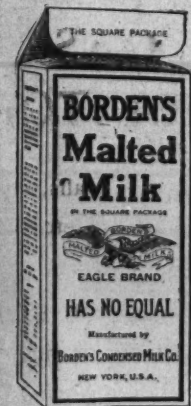
NO MORE RESTLESS, SLEEPLESS NIGHTS

that take away the joy of living. Your body demands sleep in which to build up and replenish the tissues worn away by the usual day's work. Does yours get it—or do you roll and toss through a nerve-racking restless night? If you suffer, try a cup of

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(in the square package).

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The Bund

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer Tachi Maru, Captain A. Yamashita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Thursday, October 30, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage, apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co's S.S. Kaito, Tons 2,644, Captain Glibb, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, October 30, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangwah, Captain J. McArthur, will leave on Thursday night. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer Yohyang Maru, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Friday, October 31, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Poyang, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, October 31, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co's S.S. Tuckow, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, October 31, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Woosung, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, November 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer Siangyang Maru, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Saturday, November 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co's S.S. Hwah Lee, (Chartered) 1,151 Tons, Captain Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, November 3, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Ngankin, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, November 3, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer Tachang Maru, Captain H. Asai, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Monday, November 3, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co's S.S. Loongwo, Captain Findon, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, November 4, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Kiukiang, Captain J. Peacock, will leave on Tuesday, November 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The Str. Kiangteen, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Thursday afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Captain E. Hansen, will leave on Thursday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Sunning, Captain W. Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, October 30, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Scott, R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on Friday, October 31, at 4.30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Chenan, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, November 1, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Suiyang, Capt. J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, November 4, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Sinkiang, Capt. G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, November 6, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. Kohoku Maru, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzepoo Wharf on November 11, at about 11.30 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nissin Kisen Kaisha at the same day.

For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru, Captain T. Nimoto, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzepoo Wharf on November 14, at about 11.30 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom Jetty at—

For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO & NEWCHWANG.—The Str. Yushun, Captain J. H. Davis, will leave on Thursday morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Kaikan Mining Administration, will despatch the following Str. S.S. Kwangtung on Oct. 30. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Chekiang, Captain H. A. Walker, will leave on Friday, October 31, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Yinchow, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Saturday, November 1, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Tungchow, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, November 1, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Shengking, Captain K. E. Tuedden, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, November 6, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN.—The Steamer Taito Maru, Captain M. Takagi, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzepoo Wharf on November 13, at about 11.30 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nissin Kisen Kaisha at the same day.

For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

ROTTERDAM via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES AND ANTWERP.—The Str. Celebes Maru, Captain T. Konishi, will be despatched from the Co's No. 9 Buoy Wharf on November 3. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

MARSEILLES, via SINGAPORE, COLOMBO & PORTSAID.—The Steamer Indo Maru, Captain S. Aral, will be despatched from the Co's No. 9 Buoy on November 24. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG.—The Steamer Alps Maru, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be despatched from the Co's No. 9 Buoy on December 9. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SHIMIZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. Mexico Maru, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on December 16. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

Shipping Items

The P. and O. s.s. Prinzessin will sail for Marseilles and London via Suez today and the last tender with outgoing passengers will leave the Customs Jetty at 11.30 a.m.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfeng left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday. The I.C. s.s. Tuckow left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday. The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday. The C.M. s.s. Kiangto left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday. The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Tsingtao on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai today. The C.M. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin on Tuesday and will sail for Marseilles and ports tomorrow morning. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the French Jetty at 10 o'clock.

The Russian transport Orel and two torpedo-boat destroyers Bolki and Gromy arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday morning.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

P. & O., British India and Apar Lines

(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT
S.S. "PRINZESSIN" leaving about 30th October
S.S. "NOVARA" leaving about 9th December

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO

S.S. "DUNERA" leaves 4th November

FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co's tickets interchangeable.
Wireless Telegraphy fitted on all steamers.
All cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.

For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

AGENTS

24 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephones: Central 100 & 2069

CP & OS

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

S.S. EMPRESS OF RUSSIA, November 11
Shanghai to Victoria-VancouverS.S. EMPRESS OF JAPAN, November 15
Shanghai to Victoria-VancouverS.S. EMPRESS OF ASIA, November 15
Shanghai to Manila-Hongkong

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Cor. Peking and Yuen Palace Hotel
Ming Yuen Roads, 19 The Bund
Telephone Central 181 Telephone Central 182

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Eurymedon is expected to arrive in Shanghai from New York on November 10.

The I.C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Kiukiang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang will leave Hongkong today and is due in Shanghai on Monday, November 3.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai today and is due here on Sunday, November 2.

The P. and O. s.s. Tencor left Bombay for Shanghai on October 18.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangchi left Wenchow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Tungwah left Amoy for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfeng left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The P. and O. s.s. Dunera, with 1,433 bales of yarn and 104 bales of cotton from Bombay, arrived in Shanghai yesterday afternoon.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Memnon, from Liverpool, left Singapore on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai on November 4.

The M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat arrived in Shanghai from Japan yesterday morning and will sail for Marseilles and ports tomorrow morning.

The tender with passengers and mails will leave the French Jetty at 10 o'clock.

The Russian transport Orel and two torpedo-boat destroyers Bolki and Gromy arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday morning.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.YANGTZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.
—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight.) These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shantung and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers. For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Freight: Telephone Central 77, Agents, 21-22 French Bund.

Passage: Telephone Central 401.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

(Subject to Alteration)

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR ROTTERDAM via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Port Said, Marseilles and Antwerp.

Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
18,000	T. Konishi	Nov. 1	Nov. 8

FOR HAMBURG AND LONDON (via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Port Said, Marseilles, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg).

Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
18,000	T. Yamaguchi	Dec. 4	Dec. 6

FOR MARSEILLES via Singapore, Colombo and Port Said.

Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
1,000	S. Aral	Nov. 21	Nov. 24

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.

In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

AFRICA MARU ... 12,000 H. Yamamoto, Nov. 21 Nov. 22

MEXICO MARU ... 12,000 K. Kamiga, Dec. 15 Dec. 16

FOR HONGKONG

CANADA MARU ... 12,000 T. Nimoto, Nov. 13 Nov. 14

MEXICO MARU ... 12,000 K. Kamiga, Nov. 29 Nov. 30

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

TAITO MARU ... 5,000 M. Takagi, Nov. 11 Nov. 13

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KOHOKU MARU ... 5,000 M. Tsubaki, Nov. 9 Nov. 11

*Fully booked for passage.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, South Africa, Austria, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

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O.S.K. Yangtzepoo Wharf, Wayside

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Tel. Address: SHOSHEN, Shanghai, Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

THE ADMIRAL LINE

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

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S.S. "WYTHEVILLE"

About December 1st

SEATTLE

S.S.	SEATTLE SPIRIT	About	NOV. 9th
S.S.	"WHEATLAND OF MONTANA"	Middle <td>NOV.</td>	NOV.
S.S.	"ENDICOTT"	Early <td>DEC.</td>	DEC.
S.S.	"ELKTON"	Middle <td>DEC.</td>	DEC.

PORTLAND

S.S. "WABAN" ... Early DEC.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.

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S. S. CADDOPPEAK

About December 1st

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via

Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Port

Swettenham, Penang, Rangoon.

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T. K. K.

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TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR HONGKONG

KOREA MARU ... November 22

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

KOREA MARU ... December 5

TENYO MARU ... December 21

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances, Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager,

North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings

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Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE
For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

YOKOHAMA MARU 12,500 Tons Capt. K. Okamoto, Nov. 10
TAMBA MARU 12,500 Tons K. Itano, Nov. 24

AMERICAN LINE
For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

BUWA MARU 21,000 Tons Capt. R. Shimizu, Nov. 5
KASHIMA MARU 19,000 Tons M. Machida, Nov. 30

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)
YAMASHIRO MARU 7,000 Tons Capt. T. Terada, Nov. 4
CHIKUGO MARU 5,500 Tons Y. Yoshida, Nov. 7
KASUGA MARU 7,000 Tons E. Takahashi, Nov. 14

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).
KUMANO MARU 9,500 Tons Capt. T. Sasaki, Nov. 1
KAKESHI MARU 4,500 Tons D. Aoshima, Nov. 4
YAWATA MARU 7,000 Tons H. Mojiri, Nov. 8
OMI MARU 7,000 Tons H. Yamamoto, Nov. 12

FOR JAPAN
MISHIMA MARU 16,000 Tons Capt. S. Takano, Nov. 10

FOR HONGKONG
KASHIMA MARU 19,000 Tons Capt. M. Machida, Nov. 9

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG
KATORI/MARU 19,000 Tons Capt. E. Tozawa, Dec. 31

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing from Hongkong).
Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

AKI MARU 12,500 Tons Capt. S. Shibata, Nov. 19
TANGO MARU 14,000 Tons M. Nishimura, Dec. 24
NIKKO MARU 10,000 Tons G. Yamazaki, Middle of Jan.

CALCUTTA LINE
Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE
Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

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T. IZUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail	Mail	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Mail
101	3	0	dep. Tientsin-Peking	19.50
20.35	9.35	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.53
21.45	11.17	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
22.50	12.22	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
23.55	13.27	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
24.55	14.32	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
25.55	15.37	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
26.55	16.42	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
27.55	17.47	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
28.55	18.52	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
29.55	19.57	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
30.55	21.02	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
31.55	22.07	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
32.55	23.12	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
33.55	24.17	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
34.55	25.22	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
35.55	26.27	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
36.55	27.32	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
37.55	28.37	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
38.55	29.42	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
39.55	30.47	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
40.55	31.52	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
41.55	32.57	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
42.55	34.02	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
43.55	35.07	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
44.55	36.12	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
45.55	37.17	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
46.55	38.22	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
47.55	39.27	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
48.55	40.32	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
49.55	41.37	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
50.55	42.42	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
51.55	43.47	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
52.55	44.52	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
53.55	45.57	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
54.55	46.62	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
55.55	47.67	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
56.55	48.72	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
57.55	49.77	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
58.55	50.82	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
59.55	51.87	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
60.55	52.92	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
61.55	53.97	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
62.55	55.02	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
63.55	56.07	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
64.55	57.12	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
65.55	58.17	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
66.55	59.22	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
67.55	60.27	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
68.55	61.32	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
69.55	62.37	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
70.55	63.42	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
71.55	64.47	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
72.55	65.52	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
73.55	66.57	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
74.55	67.62	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
75.55	68.67	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
76.55	69.72	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
77.55	70.77	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
78.55	71.82	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
79.55	72.87	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
80.55	73.92	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
81.55	74.97	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
82.55	76.02	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
83.55	77.07	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
84.55	78.12	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
85.55	79.17	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
86.55	80.22	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
87.55	81.27	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
88.55	82.32	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
89.55	83.37	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
90.55	84.42	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
91.55	85.47	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
92.55	86.52	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
93.55	87.57	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
94.55	88.62	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
95.55	89.67	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
96.55	90.72	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
97.55	91.77	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
98.55	92.82	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
99.55	93.87	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
100.55	94.92	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45

Mail	Mail	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Mail
101	3	0	dep. Tientsin-Peking	19.50
20.35	9.35	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.53
21.45	11.17	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
22.50	12.22	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
23.55	13.27	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
24.55	14.32	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
25.55	15.37	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
26.55	16.42	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
27.55	17.47	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
28.55	18.52	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
29.55	19.57	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
30.55	21.02	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
31.55	22.07	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
32.55	23.12	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
33.55	24.17	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
34.55	25.22	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
35.55	26.27	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
36.55	27.32	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
37.55	28.37	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
38.55	29.42	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
39.55	30.47	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
40.55	31.52	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
41.55	32.57	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
42.55	34.02	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
43.55	35.07	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
44.55	36.12	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
45.55	37.17	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
46.55	38.22	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
47.55	39.27	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
48.55	40.32	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
49.55	41.37	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
50.55	42.42	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
51.55	43.47	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
52.55	44.52	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
53.55	45.57	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
54.55	46.62	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
55.55	47.67	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
56.55	48.72	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
57.55	49.77	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
58.55	50.82	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
59.55	51.87	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
60.55	52.92	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
61.55	53.97	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
62.55	55.02	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
63.55	56.07	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
64.55	57.12	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
65.55	58.17	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
66.55	59.22	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
67.55	60.27	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
68.55	61.32	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
69.55	62.37	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
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99.55	93.87	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45
100.55	94.92	84	arr. Tientsin-Peking	16.45

The station for the foreign connections to Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-PAK" (Tientsin-Peking).
The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class sleeping accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 2nd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.
Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Haichow or Pukow.
By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

Provisions Prices

In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hopkew Market compiled on October 23, 1919.

Butcher's Meat
Beef per lb. 14-20
Mutton 16-25
Pork 25-30
Veal 25-30

Fish
Bream per lb. 16-18
Cod 16-18
Mandarin 20-30
Mackerel 20-30
Pomfret 25-30
Salmon 16-18
Sardines 30-40
Soles 18-20
Whitebait none

Game, Poultry and Eggs
Deer each \$2.50-\$3.00
Duck 40-70
Hare each 30-35
Eggs per doz. 18-20
Fowl per lb. 18-20
Geese each 80-100
Pheasant 50-60
Pigeons 16-18
Quail 12-14
Snipe 12-14
Teal 12-14
Turkey per lb. 45-50
Woodcock each 40-50
Wild Duck 30-35
Wild Pigeons 10-12

Fruit
Apricots per lb. none
Apples 20-25
Bananas 5-6
Figs per doz. none
Lemons each 5-6
Lichees per lb. none
Mangoes each none
Oranges per lb. 6-8
Peaches per lb. none
Pears 10-15
Persimmons 10-12
Pineapples each 15-20
Pumpkins each 15-20
Strawberries per lb. none
Walnuts 14-15

Vegetables
Artichokes per lb. 4-5
Asparagus per doz. none
Broad Beans per lb. 4-5
Broccoli per bunch 2-3
Cabbage each 3-5
Carrots per bunch 2-3
Cauliflower each none
Celery per bunch 8-10
Egg Plant per lb. 10-12
French Beans 4-5
Green Corn each 2-3
Leeks per bunch 2-3
Mushrooms per lb. 60-70
Onions 6-8
Parsnips per bunch 3-4
Peas per lb. 6-8
Potatoes per picul \$3.20-\$3.50
Spinach per picul 3-4
Tomatoes 4-4
Turnips per bunch 2-3

Grain and Flour
Flour, American per 50 lbs. —
Flour, Australian " \$3.60
Flour, Shanghai " \$2.35
Rice per 200 lbs. \$8.00

Milk
Foreign dairies per bottle 20
Chinese dairies " 17

L. MOORE & CO. LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1874

48 KIAMSEE ROAD, SHANGHAI.

AUCTION INDEX

THURSDAY, October 30th.—Household Furniture at 3 Nanking Road.

SATURDAY, November 1st.—At the Nanking Road Jetty at 12.15 p.m. the well-known Houseboat "Balmain."

MONDAY, November 3rd.—A very fine collection of Chinese Curios in Salesrooms.

TUESDAY, November 4th.—Household Furniture at 8 Route Vallon.

WEDNESDAY, November 5th.—Household Furniture at 149 Dixwell Road.

THURSDAY, November 6th.—Second consignment of Carpets and good Furniture in Salesroom.

FRIDAY, November 7th.—In Salesroom at 2.30 p.m. a Splendid Collection of Books.

SATURDAY, November 8th.—A valuable collection of Stamps in Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

THURSDAY, November 27th.—Household Furniture at 21 Rue de Soeurs.

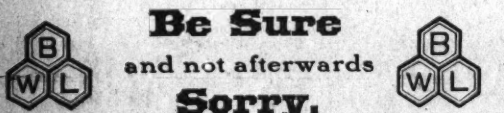
The Ault & Wiborg (Shanghai) Co.

Manufacturers of: **LETTER PRESS INKS, LITHO INKS, OFFSET INKS, LITHO SUPPLIES, BRONZE POWDERS, CARBON PAPERS, TYPEWRITER RIBBONS, ANILINE DYES, DRY COLOURS, CARBON BLACKS.**

Agents for: **MIEHLE PRESSES, SCOTT OFFSET PRESSES, SCOTT NEWS PRESSES, SCOTT LITHO PRESSES, U.P.M. BRONZING MACHINE, SEYBOLD PAPER CUTTERS, SEYBOLD EMBOSSEERS, CHAMPION PAPER CO.**

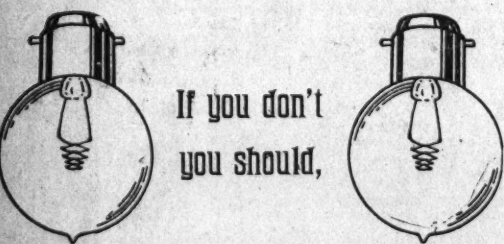
37 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Hongkong Branch, 19 Ice House St.



Be Sure and not afterwards Sorry.

All careful motorists insist on **TECON** always reliable Lamps.



We'll gladly prove Why If you will kindly ask us.

BRILLIANT ELECTRIC COMPANY.

The Dependable Suppliers of Everything Electrical.

P 564, Nanking Road, Shanghai.

Phone: Central 4907.

A-78

MEXICO SEEKS BY TRICK TO EVADE U.S.

Compels Americans Entering Tampico Region To Sign Document

MOVE HELD TO BE LEGAL

Three Robberies In Week In Carranza District Cost Companies \$50,000

Washington, September 6.—Apparently convinced that the United States is in earnest in demanding proper treatment of Americans in Mexico, the Carranza Government has adopted a novel expedient in an attempt to relieve itself of responsibility.

Americans going to the Tampico region hereafter will be compelled to sign a formal release of the Mexican Government's responsibility for what may happen to them. If they refuse, Mexican officials will decline to vouch for their safety.

MEXICO'S MOVE IS LEGAL

This condition raises a peculiar situation, for under international law a government may refuse travel permission to foreigners to a region where it may not be prepared to guarantee their safety.

Americans going to the Tampico oil region are being asked to make oath to such an affidavit as follows: "The undersigned, under oath, deposes and says that he has been warned that the Tampico oil region is a dangerous district on account of the activities of bandits operating in said region; that dependent, by reason of his business as employee, is on his way to that region, and travels at his own risk. That in case some accident happens to him, he hereby formally renounces the right that he or his heirs might have to present a claim to the Mexican Government, either directly or through another channel."

This affidavit is not only required of workmen who are American citizens, but also of American citizens in the United States holding passports from the State Department authorizing them to visit the Tampico region.

Details of three robberies in a week in the Tampico region have been received at the offices of the oil companies. The robbers secured \$50,000 Mexican gold. American companies were the victims. The robberies all took place in the territory where no one but the Carranza troops is permitted to carry arms.

H. M. Krimbill, cashier of the Penn Mex Camp, was forced by bandits to open the safe from which \$25,000 was taken, the robbers escaping in a company launch. Twenty-eight men in all took part in the robbery, all armed with rifles and revolvers.

SUSPECT OFFICIALS

Luis Gutierrez, paymaster of the Agwi Company, while taking a payroll of \$4,000 to the Tepetate Camp, was held up by three armed masked men and robbed. Neither Gutierrez nor his companion, Kenneth de Lacy, knew they were to make the trip until ten minutes before they started. The company officials, however, had notified the Mexican authorities at Tampico of the amount of the payroll and the time of departure and route to be taken.

The robbers demanded the exact amount, according to the report, which was not known to the two men carrying it, and it was counted before the robbers would let their victims go.

A Tampico bank made up a \$30,000 payroll of the Transcontinental Oil Company and, in an effort to thwart the robbers, placed it in a box to be sent to the camp at Mata Redonda by launch. The Mexican authorities are said to have delayed the departure of the launch unexpectedly for one night, and when it reached the camp a box of old iron had been substituted for the original.

Dr. Altendorf Reveals

'Vast Mexican Smuggling'

New York, September 7.—The National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico gave out yesterday another chapter of the adventures of Dr. P. B. Altendorf in Mexico as an agent of the Military Intelligence Department. This time Dr. Altendorf reveals himself as the confidant and foe of smugglers as well as spies in Mexico.

Smuggling across the Mexican border, which amounts to between \$17,000,000 and \$20,000,000 a year, he says, keeps the revolutions revolving. Villa, he declares, gets 60 percent of his armament in this way, buying the rest from Carranza's forces. As "Dr. P. Amagun" Dr. Altendorf engaged to deliver \$30,000 worth of ammunition to a San Antonio smuggler, the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico declares, adding that he "was spoofing the Mexican gentleman as a means of obtaining information about smuggling."

Even for Dr. Altendorf it was a most successful "spoof," as may be judged by the information about smuggling which he obtained. He says:

"The Yaqui Indians purchase in the United States and smuggle across the border ammunition to the value of \$80,000 to \$100,000 a year. They are allowed to buy only 100 rounds at a time; but there is no limit to the number of times an individual may buy a hundred rounds."

"Carranza has one agent in Brownsville, Tex., who sent 300 rounds of ammunition to his employer at one time. Villa must be rather hard pressed just now; for in March of the present year his wife pawned her jewelry in San Antonio for \$4,800 and used the proceeds to pick up a bargain in ammunition."

"There is a big drug store in Brownsville which receives shipments of ammunition in boxes marked 'drugs.' One dodge resorted to sometimes is to conceal ammunition in watermelons to get it past the customs authorities. Usually it doesn't seem worth while to take so much trouble; for there are such long stretches of unguarded territory that nothing much but laziness need drive a smuggler to take risks."

"Munitions of war are not the only articles smuggled south. For one thing a good many stolen automobiles reach Mexico without paying customs dues. One can pick up a car worth \$2,000 on the Mexican side of the border for about \$600."

"Great quantities of opium are smuggled across the border into the United States. It comes to West coast ports of Mexico in Japanese vessels, is brought up the coast in small Mexican sailing craft and thence finds its way across the border. I reported one Mexican opium smuggler, who was caught outside Nogales with 4,500 pounds of the drug in an automobile truck. Morphine and cocaine are also smuggled extensively."

Japanese Accused Of Breaking Our Immigration Barrier

Washington, Sept. 25.—Japan is breaking the immigration barriers to this country raised by the so-called gentlemen's agreement, V. S. McClatchy of Sacramento, Cal., and Miller Freeman of Seattle, Wash., today told the House Immigration Committee. They urged a policy of absolute exclusion and the deportation of Asiatics already in this country. The witnesses appeared particularly to oppose the admission of Asiatics on a mathematical scale based on those already here.

Mr. McClatchy declared the situation on the Pacific was only an example of what would happen elsewhere, "finally resulting in the United States being made a Japanese province. The question is purely an economic one, not a racial one," he said. He maintained that a policy of absolute exclusion of the Japanese because of their economic standards would be put practicing a policy enforced by the Japanese in their own country against the Chinese and Koreans. The first importation of Chinese laborers into Japan occurred last December, he said, and resulted in the Government compelling the industrial concern bringing them to the island to return them in January at an expenditure of \$25,000 of the concern's funds.

"The Japanese Government is issuing passports under any head except labor," asserted Mr. Freeman. "The only way of solving the problem is by legislation; it cannot be solved by administration of existing laws."

Japanese immigrants entering at Seattle for the year ended last June numbered 5,170, of whom 1,862 were women, Mr. Freeman said, while Mr. McClatchy stated the total number of these immigrants on the Pacific Coast was about 10,000 for the year. The women were brought for "breeding purposes," Mr. Freeman asserted, adding that the children born in this country were entitled to own property.

Investigation of the Yokohama Bank at Seattle was urged by Mr. Freeman, who contended that the Japanese imperial family owned the majority stock. "The financial power of their Government is back of the Japanese," he said, adding that the Japanese stores did not compete with each other, but were able by reason of their financial resources to drive small American merchants out of business.

During the war, Mr. Freeman asserted, Japanese colonization had gone on so quietly that even the people of the Northwest "did not realize the gravity of it. Returning soldiers and the door of opportunity closed to them by this alien race," he exclaimed.

Admission of the Japanese on a percentage basis would "mean the collapse of the American Republic," insisted Mr. McClatchy. The bill of the League for Constructive Immigration Legislation, recently advocated before the committee by Dr. Sidney Gulick, would increase immigration rather than decrease it, Mr. McClatchy said.

The plan, he maintained, would permit the entry of 2,500 Japanese in 1919, 1920, and 1921; 7,500 in 1922; 12,600 in 1923, with a steady increase thereafter under a percentage plan. "In

fourty years from 1923," he continued, "the Japanese population of the United States under the operation of the Gulick plan will be, in round figures, 2,000,000; in eighty years, 10,000,000, in 140 years 100,000,000."

MASONRY BOLSHIEVISM'S FOE

Pennsylvania's Governor Warns

The Knights Templar Conclave Philadelphia, September 8.—In the shadow of Independence Hall, the thirty-fourth triennial convocation of the Knights Templar of the United States was officially opened today. Following a spectacular parade of the First Division of Pennsylvania down Chestnut Street, the impressive ceremonial of the "World's Peace Jubilee" was held. Governor William C. Proul of Pennsylvania and Major General Charles M. Clement spoke, the former to warn of Bolshevism, the latter to urge a war on profiteers.

Some 200 knights acted as an escort for the Grand Master and the speakers. There were eight commanderies in line, including the Corinthian Chasseurs, the only

mounted commandery in the East. Most Excellent Sir Lee Stewart Smith, Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, in an address, presented the city with a large floral tribute to the heroic dead of the American Army. This was placed beside the Liberty Bell, inside the hall, while buglers sounded "taps."

Governor Sprout said a doctrine

has come out of the East more dangerous to civilization than anything in history. "It seeks not only to overthrow all government, but faith in God himself," he declared. "No matter what our religion, Mason or no Mason, we must unite in expelling this poison from our blessed land. We must resolve here, with a new devotion

to stand up as guardians, militant, if necessary, of our institutions. "We must remember that those who would seek to destroy our America are also the enemies of God. Liberty will exist only where the spirit of the Lord is." The "Millionaires Band" of the Sillan Commandery, from Illinois, serenaded Governor Sprout and Former Governor Edwin S. Stuart at the Union League tonight.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATRE

THE FAMOUS

Russian Grand Opera Co.

Personal Representative:
L. FEODOROFF.

NEXT PERFORMANCES

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

THURSDAY, October 30th.

"PEARL FISHERS"

FRIDAY, October 31st.

"PIQUE DAME"

SATURDAY, November 1st.

"THE JEWESS"

OLYMPIC THEATRE

SUNDAY, (Matinee), Nov. 2nd.

"TRAVIATA"

SUNDAY, (Evening), Nov. 2nd.

EUGENE ONEGIN

Usual Prices at Both Theatres
Usual Time: 9.15 p.m.
Matinees at 3 p.m.

Booking at MOUTRIE'S.

Under the Direction of A. STOK

"THE HEIR OF THE AGES"

FEATURING

HOUSE PETERS

is to be shown at the

Victoria Theatre

For One Night Only

October 30th

SPECIAL PROGRAMME

On Friday, October 31st

SHOWING

"MAE MARSH"

in

"POLLY OF THE CIRCUS"

Goldwyn Eight-Part Production

APOLLO THEATRE

Special Engagement for Four Nights only

Tonight October 30th and 31st, November 1st and 2nd

CONCERT

THE FAMOUS RUSSIAN VOCAL TRIO

Miss J. Markovskaia V. Volin N. Tuevsky
SOPRANO BARITON TENOR

accompanied by Mr. Pressan

Selections from "Tosca," "Rigoletto," etc.

A MUSICAL TREAT

These artists are without a doubt the finest singers ever heard in Shanghai.

They have proved a brilliant success in Tientsin.

PATHE PRESENTS

AMERICA'S GREATEST CHARACTER ACTOR

FRANK KEENAN

An Extra Selected FIVE-ACT DRAMATIC MASTERPIECE.

"THE SILVER GIRL"

It is an unusual love story, full of dramatic intensity and quiet suspense. FRANK KEENAN is supported by a splendid cast, including CATHERINE ADAMS, a beautiful and talented young actress of rare emotional powers.

Prices: Circle \$1.50, Stalls \$1.00, Pit 70 cents.

Booking at Robinson's

OLYMPIC THEATRE

TONIGHT

CHARLES MARGELIS

PRESENTS

THE ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE CO.

And the Greatest Moral Spectacle Ever Filmed:

"THE CURSE OF EVE"

The CURSE OF EVE is a warning to girls of today, who have the spirit of adventure in their make-up; it is also an appeal to manhood to protect rather than to disgrace and destroy.

On October 31st and Saturday, November 1st

NEW PROGRAMME BY

THE ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE CO.

and another powerful film spectacle preachment

"IT MAY BE YOUR DAUGHTER"

Produced by the Moral Uplift Society of America—In six acts

Matinee Saturday, November 1st. ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE CO.

and

"WILD ANIMALS"

An interesting and instructive film in five Parts
Admission Prices: \$2.00, \$1.50 & \$1.00 Book at Messrs. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

Good Things to Eat and Drink

Short Orders a Specialty

THE TROCADERO

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TONIGHT!

TONIGHT!

A PRIZE BALL

WILL BE GIVEN AT

THE CARLTON.

TWO PRIZES WILL BE GIVEN WITH EACH DANCE.

A SPECIAL DINNER

WILL BE SERVED.

DINERS WILL HAVE THE PRIVILEGE OF
TABLES IN THE BALL-ROOM.

BOOK YOUR TABLES NOW.

PHONEC. 2301 & C. 2337.

